## in company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition

pronunciation

## Upper-intermediate

example sentence

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headword

abruptly (adv)	/ə'brʌptli/	abrupt, unvermittelt	Our friendship ended <b>abruptly</b> .
actually (adv)	/ˈækʃʊəli/	eigentlich, im Grunde	Actually, I don't think they'd let us.
all-time (adj)	/ɔ:l'taɪm/	allzeit	Interest rates are at an all-time high.
amicable (adj)	/ˈæmɪkəbəl/	einvernehmlich, gütlich	Their divorce was fairly amicable.
appreciative (adj) (opposite = unappreciative)	/ə'pri:ʃətɪv/	anerkennend, dankbar (Gegenteil = undankbar)	The applause was warm and appreciative.
asap (= as soon as possible)	/,eɪeseɪ'pi:/	so bald wie möglich	I want those files on my desk <b>asap</b> .
assumption (n) make an assumption	/əˈsʌmpʃən/ /meɪk ən əˈsʌmpʃən/	Annahme, Vermutung eine Annahme machen, eine Vermutung anstellen	People tend to <b>make assumptions</b> about you based on your appearance.
back (adv) be right back	/bæk/ /bi: raɪt 'bæk/	zurück sofort zurück / wieder da sein	I need to make a quick phone call. I'll be right <b>back</b> .
based (adj) be based in	/beist/ /bi: 'beist in/	ansässig mit Sitz in	Our parent company <b>is based in</b> Osaka.
basis (n)	/'beisis/	Grundlage, Basis	The agreement between the parties will be used as the

translation/notes

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as the basis for sth	/æz đə 'beisis fə ˌsʌmθɪң/	als Grundlage für	basis for future negotiations.
bearing (n) have no bearing on sth	/'beərin/ /hæv nəu 'beərin on sam\Oin/	Einfluss keinen Einfluss auf etw. haben	His private life <b>has no bearing on</b> his competence as a manager.
believe (v) believe it or not	/bə'li:v/ /bə'li:v ıt ɔ: ,nɒt/	glauben, meinen ob du's glaubst oder nicht	Jason and Mel are finally getting married, believe it or not!
bet (n) the safest bet	/bet/ /đə ,seɪfəst 'bet/	Wette, (hier:) Sache die sicherste Sache	Madrid is <b>the safest bet</b> for hot weather at this time of year.
box (n)	/bpks/	(hier:) Loge	We hired a <b>box</b> for the Cup Final.
by the way	/bai đə 'wei/	übrigens	By the way, Jeff called this afternoon and he wants you to call him back.
catch (v) catch you later	/kætʃ/ /ˈkætʃ ju: ,leɪtə/	fangen bis später	Catch you later, Joe. I'm going back to the hotel.
chance (n) by any chance	/tfa:ns/ /bar eni 'tfa:ns/	(hier:) Zufall zufällig	You don't happen to recall his name, by any chance?
coincidence (n)	/kəʊ'ɪnsɪdəns/	Zufall, Fügung	What a <b>coincidence</b> ! She appeared just when we'd finished washing up.
collaborate with sb (phr v)	/kəˈlæbəreɪt wɪӨ ˌsʌmbədi/	zusammenarbeiten	We have been collaborating closely with teachers in devising the lesson plans.
come back (phr v)	/kʌm 'bæk/	(hier:) sich erinnern	It's all <b>coming back</b> to me now: he was a colleague of mine about fifteen years ago.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 2 of 65

one stop english
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common (n) have sth in common	/ˈkɒmən/ /hæv ˌsʌmӨɪŋ ɪn 'kɒmən/	gemein(sam), allgemein etw. gemeinsam haben	I don't think <b>they've got</b> much <b>in common</b> with their neighbours.
compliment (n) pay/receive a compliment	/'kpmpliment/ /pei/ri,si:v e 'kpmpliment/	Kompliment Kompliment machen / bekommen	He kept <b>paying</b> me <b>compliments</b> on my cooking.
compliment (v)	/'kompliment/	jdn. beglückwünschen	Everybody <b>complimented</b> her on the way she handled the emergency.
constraint (n)	/kən'streɪnt/	Einschränkung	The organisation has to operate within the usual democratic <b>constraints</b> .
contradict (v)	/kɒntrə'dıkt/	widersprechen	He didn't dare <b>contradict</b> his parents.
converse (v)	/kən'v3:s/	ein Gespräch führen	I don't know enough Russian to be able to <b>converse</b> properly.
cool (adj)	/ku:1/	kühl	The presidential candidate got a <b>cool</b> reception.
cordial (adj)	/ˈkɔ:dɪəl/	herzlich, warm	Relations between them remained <b>cordial</b> .
cost (v) cost the earth	/kɒst/ /kɒst đə '3:\text{\text{6}}	kosten Unsummen kosten	It's going to <b>cost the earth</b> to get the car fixed.
descend on (phr v)	/dr'send pn/	in etw. einfallen, über etw. herfallen	Crowds of tourists <b>descended on</b> the tiny church.
diet (n)	/'daɪət/	Ernährung(sweise)	She's been feeling better since she started on a wheat-free <b>diet</b> .
enthusiasm (n) show enthusiasm	/ɪn'θu:zɪæzəm/ /ʃəʊ ɪn'θu:zɪæzəm/	Begeisterung Begeisterung zeigen / an den Tag legen	None of our employees have <b>shown</b> much <b>enthusiasm</b> for the new appraisal scheme.

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 3 of 65 one stop english

enthusiastically (adv)	/ɪn,\text{\text{\text{u:z1'\text{\text{\text{w}}}}}	begeistert, enthusiastisch	Most of the students responded <b>enthusiastically</b> to the offer of a free lunch.
entirely (adv)	/ɪn'taɪəli/	vollkommen, gänzlich, absolut	It's <b>entirely</b> possible that the two leaders will discuss a treaty today.
even (v) even things up	/ˈiːvən/ /ˈiːvən Өɪŋz ,ʌp/	ausgleichen, glätten die Dinge ausgleichen	A second player was sent off, from the other team this time, which did <b>even things up</b> a bit.
exactly (adv) not exactly	/ɪgˈzæktli/ /nɒt ɪgˈzæktli/	genau, eigentlich, wirklich eigentlich nicht	'You're leaving, aren't you?' 'Not exactly, I'm just going on holiday.'
excuse (v) excuse me	/ık'skju:z/ /ık'skju:z mi:/	entschuldigen entschuldige, entschuldigen Sie mich	Excuse me for a moment – I have to make a phone call.
flattery (n)	/ˈflætəri/	Schmeichelei	She decided that a bit of <b>flattery</b> might bring results.
freshen (v)	/ˈfreʃən/	auffrischen, (hier:) auffüllen	A team of waiters served sandwiches and <b>freshened</b> people's drinks.
frosty (adj)	/'frɒsti/	eisig	Alex's mother gave him a <b>frosty</b> look.
funny (adj) funny you should say that	/'fʌni/ /'fʌni ju: ʃʊd ,seɪ đæt/	lustig, witzig, eigenartig eigenartig, dass Sie das jetzt gerade erwähnen	Funny you should say that; I was about to suggest we visited her tomorrow.
go back (phr v) go back a long way	/gəu 'bæk/ /gəu 'bæk ə ,lɒn weɪ/	zurückgehen, -reichen sich lange kennen	Gina and I go back a long way. We were at school together.
happen (v)	/ˈhæpən/	geschehen, passieren (happen to know: zufällig wissen)	I happen to know that he's planning to retire next year.
hear (v)	/'hɪə/	hören, mitbekommen	I hear you're moving house next week.

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate Units 1-5, Page 4 of 65 one stop english

hospitality (n) corporate hospitality hospitality tent	/,hɒspɪ'tæləti/ /,kɔ:pərət hɒspɪ'tæləti/ /,hɒspɪ'tæləti tent/	Gastfreundschaft, Bewirtung Firmenbewirtung Bewirtungszelt	The launch is being organised by a company that specialises in <b>corporate hospitality</b> .  A buffet lunch will be served in the <b>hospitality tent</b> before the first race.
hot button (n)	/hpt 'bʌtən/	Streitpunkt, heiß umstrittene Angelegenheit	A <b>hot button</b> is often an issue that people disagree about and argue about a lot.
impression (n) make an impression	/im'preʃən/ /ˌmeɪk ən ɪm'preʃən/	Eindruck einen Eindruck machen	It's a performance that's sure to <b>make an impression</b> on the judges.
incidentally (adv)	/ɪnsɪ'dentli/	(hier:) am Rande erwähnt	Incidentally, what are the travel arrangements for tonight?
input (n)	/'input/	(hier:) Einfluss	Teachers have considerable <b>input</b> into the school's decision-making process.
job (n) do a great job on the job	/අpb/ /du: ə greit 'අpb/ /pn đə 'අpb/	Arbeit, Aufgabe etw. ausgezeichnet machen bei der (laufenden) Arbeit	You've done a great job of decorating the room.  Trainee journalists soon learn the importance of deadlines, on the job.
joke (v) you're joking!/are you joking?	/ʤəʊk/ /jɔ: 'ʤəʊkɪn/a: ju: 'ʤəʊkɪn/	Witz da lachen ja die Hühner!	'She's thirty-five, and she's going out with a nineteen-year-old.' 'You're joking!'
kid (v) you're kidding!/are you kidding?	/kɪd/ /jɔ: 'kɪdɪŋ/a: ju: 'kɪdɪŋ/	auf den Arm nehmen willst du / wollen Sie mich auf den Arm nehmen?	'Let's meet in the park.' 'Are you kidding? In this weather?'

latest (n) have you heard the latest?	/'leɪtəst/ /hæv ju: ,hɜːd đə 'leɪtəst/	das Neuste hast du schon das Neuste gehört?	Have you heard the latest? He's getting a divorce.
make (v) make it	/meik/ /'meik it/	machen, (hier:) schaffen es schaffen	We just <b>made it</b> in time for the wedding.
matter (n) as a matter of fact	/ˈmætə/ /æz ə ˈmætə əv 'fækt/	Sache, Angelegenheit freilich, in der Tat	'Was he in a bad mood?' 'No, as a matter of fact, he seemed quite cheerful.'
mean (v) I know what you mean	/mi:n/ /aɪ nəʊ wɒt ju: 'mi:n/	bedeuten, meinen ich verstehe, was du sagen willst	'He's so hard to talk to.' 'I know what you mean.'
mention (v)	/ˈmenʃən/	erwähnen	I'll mention it to her when I see her tomorrow.
merger (n)	/'mз:ʤə/	Fusion, Zusammenlegung	The <b>merger</b> will create the biggest television company in the country.
mileage (n)	/ˈmaɪlɪʤ/	Fahrleistung, Kilometerstand, (hier:) Vorteile	He has got a lot of <b>mileage</b> out of his friendship with the mayor.
mind (n) keep sb in mind	/maind/ /ki:p ¡sʌmbədi in 'maind/	Gemüt, Seele, Verstand jdn. im Hinterkopf behalten	Keep me in mind if you need some help.
mind (v) don't mind me	/maind/ /dəunt 'maind mi:/	beachten, aufpassen beachten Sie mich nicht	Carry on with your conversation. <b>Don't mind me</b> .
mind if I?	/'maind if ai/	Haben Sie etw. dagegen, wenn / Macht es Ihnen etw. aus, wenn	Mind if I sit here?
mistaken (adj)	/mɪs'teɪkən/	falsch, irrig, verfehlt	

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 6 of 65 one stop english

be mistaken	/bi: mɪs'teɪkən/	sich irren	If <b>I'm</b> not <b>mistaken</b> , Joyce will be the next director.
modest (adj) (opposite = boastful)	/'mpdəst/	bescheiden (Gegenteil = angeberisch)	Peter is genuinely <b>modest</b> about his achievements.
network (v)	/'netw3:k/	ein Netzwerk aufbauen	Our main objective in attending the conference is to <b>network</b> and make new contacts.
once-in-a-lifetime (adj)	/,wʌnsɪnə'laɪftaɪm/	einmalig	Our holiday in Kenya was a <b>once-in-a-lifetime</b> experience.
optimism (n)	/'pptɪmɪzəm/	Optimismus	Katie's <b>optimism</b> motivated the rest of the team.
-oriented (adj)	/ˈɔ:rɪəntəd/	auf etw. ausgerichtet	It's a culture which is very family-oriented.
pity (n)	/'pɪti/	Erbarmen, Mitleid (hier: wie schade!)	It was a lovely wedding. <b>Pity</b> about the rain.
pleasure (n) it's a pleasure to meet you	/ˈpleʒə/ /ɪtsə ˈpleʒə tə ˌmiːt juː/	Vergnügen sich freuen jdn. kennen- zulernen	It's a pleasure to meet you, Ben. Elena's told me all about you.
point (n) take sb's point	/pɔɪnt/ /teɪk ˌsʌmbədɪz 'pɔɪnt/	Punkt, (hier:) Argument jdm. recht geben	I take your point, but I don't think there's anything we can do at the moment.
point out (phr v)	/point 'aut/	auf etw. hinweisen	He <b>pointed out</b> that we had two hours of free time before dinner.
quintessentially (adv)	/kwintə'senʃəli/	durch und durch, vollkommen	The hotel is <b>quintessentially</b> Jamaican.
reason (n) within reason	/ˈriːzən/ /wɪӨɪn ˈriːzən/	Vernunft, Grund in vernünftigen Grenzen, innerhalb eines vernünftigen Rahmens	Let your children have their freedom, within reason.

recommendations (n pl)	/rekəmen'deıʃənz/	Empfehlungen	The Bill incorporates a number of <b>recommendations</b> made by the committee.
recovery (n)	/rɪˈkʌvəri/	Erholung	There were still no real signs of an economic <b>recovery</b> .
red carpet (n)	/red 'ka:pət/	roter Teppich	We need to roll out the <b>red carpet</b> for these clients if we want to win this contract.
relationship (n) build/maintain a relationship	/rɪ'leɪʃənʃɪp/ /ˌbɪld/meɪn,teɪn ə rɪ'leɪʃənʃɪp/	Beziehung eine Beziehung aufbauen / aufrecht erhalten	Over the years we've <b>built a</b> good <b>relationship</b> with our suppliers.
remind (v) that reminds me	/rɪˈmaɪnd/ /đæt rɪˈmaɪndz miː/	erinnern das erinnert mich an	That reminds me. I must take the chicken out of the freezer.
reward (v)	/rɪˈwɔ:d/	belohnen	He always believed that the company would <b>reward</b> him for his efforts.
right (adj) (opposite = wrong) am I right in thinking?	/rait/ /æm ai 'rait in ,\text{\tint{\text{\tin}\tint{\text{\tin}\tin}\tin}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}}\tin}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}}\tin}\text{\text{\texit}\tin}\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texitit}\titt{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi{\text{\texi}\tin}\texit{\	richtig (Gegenteil = falsch) gehe ich recht in der Annahme, dass	Am I right in thinking that you used to work in Copenhagen?
scene (n) set the scene	/si:n/ /set đə 'si:n/	Szene, (hier:) Rahmen, Kulisse die Kulisse bilden, den Rahmen stellen	These findings have <b>set the scene</b> for further debate on the system.
schedule (v)	/'ʃedju:l/	planen, festlegen	Let's <b>schedule</b> another meeting in July.
seminar (n)	/'semina:/	Seminar, Fortbildungs- veranstaltung	I recently attended a <b>seminar</b> on marketing.
sense (n) make sense	/sens/ /meɪk 'sens/	Sinn sinnvoll sein	It makes sense to keep such information on disk.

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate Units 1-5, Page 8 of 65 one stop english

setting (n)	/'setɪn/	Umgebung	We stayed in a lovely hotel in a beautiful mountain setting.
shame (n)	/ˈʃeɪm/	Scham, Schande	It was a nice idea. <b>Shame</b> about the way it was done.
small talk (n)	/'smɔ:l tɔ:k/	Geplauder	We made <b>small talk</b> until the rest of the team arrived for the meeting.
special (adj) nothing special	/'speʃəl/ /,nʌӨɪŋ 'speʃəl/	speziell, besonders nichts Besonderes	'Are you doing anything for Simon's birthday?' 'Nothing special. Just cooking a meal at home.'
strained (adj)	/streɪnd/	angespannt	Relations between the two countries are <b>strained</b> .
suit (v)	/su:t/	jdm. stehen, zu jdm. passen	The new hairstyle really <b>suits</b> her.
sweeten (v)	/ˈswiːtən/	positiv einstimmen	We sent corporate gifts to try and <b>sweeten</b> our clients and stop them going to our competitors.
switch (v) switch from sth to sth	/switʃ/ /'switʃ frəm samθin tə ˌsamθin/	(ver-)schieben, (aus-) tauschen von nach verschieben	They announced that the tournament would be switched from March to December.
talk (v) talking of	/tɔ:k/ /'tɔ:kɪŋ əv/	reden, sprechen jdn. gerade erwähnen	Oh yes, talking of Harry, have you seen him recently?
taste (n)	/teist/	Geschmack	They all admired her taste.
tasteful (adj)	/'teɪstfəl/	geschmackvoll	They played a <b>tasteful</b> selection of music.
team spirit (n)	/ti:m 'spirit/	Mannschaftsgeist	With hard work, determination and <b>team spirit</b> , I know we can meet this deadline.
team-building (n)	/ti:m'bɪldɪŋ/	Fördern von Mannschafts- hzw	The <b>team-building</b> weekend was supposed to improve morale; instead it's caused more fighting!

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate Units 1-5, Page 9 of 65 one stop english

		Gruppengeist	
terms (n pl) in real terms	/t3:mz/ /ɪn ,rɪəl 't3:mz/	Bedingung (hier:) netto	Spending was cut by 4% in real terms.
thing (n) a good thing	/\text{\tinit}}\ext{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tett{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\tin}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\texi}\text{\	Sache, Ding, Angelegenheit das Gute	I don't want to go to the opera again tonight. You can have too much of <b>a good thing</b> .
throw around (phr v) throw money around	/Orəu ə'raund/ /Orəu ,mʌni ə'raund/	verschwenden, aus dem Fenster werden mit Geld um sich werfen	I'm not surprised Val and Jeff are in debt. They've been throwing money around like it's going out of fashion.
time (n) is that the time?	/taim/ /iz đæt đə 'taim/	Zeit so spät schon?	Is that the time? I'd better go or I'll miss my train.
long time no see	/lɒŋ 'taɪm nəʊ siː/	lange nicht mehr	Hans! Is it really you? Long time no see.
show sb a good time	/ʃəʊ ˌsʌmbədi ə gud 'taɪm/	gesehen es jdm. schön machen	We <b>showed our Spanish clients a</b> really <b>good time</b> last weekend and today they signed the deal.
track (n) make tracks	/træk/ /meɪk 'træks/	Spur, Pfad, Gleis sich beeilen	It's getting late – I think we'd better <b>make tracks</b> .
track (v)	/træk/	(hier:) herausfiltern	We have been tracking the top 10% of our engineering graduates.
understand (v)	/ʌndəˈstænd/	verstehen, (hier:) von etw. ausgehen	We <b>understand</b> that a major announcement is to be made tomorrow.
ups and downs (n pl)	/ʌpsənˈdaʊnz/	Auf und Ab	The company has had its share of <b>ups and downs</b> , but it seems to be doing well now.
viewing (n)	/'vju:ɪn/	Besichtigung	We've been invited to a private <b>viewing</b> of Trevor's exhibition.

warm (adj)	/wɔ:m/	(hier:) herzlich	The hotel extends a <b>warm</b> welcome to overseas guests.
wonder (v)	/'wʌndə/	wundern, (hier:) sich fragen	I wonder whether it was wise to let her travel alone.
word (n) have a word	/w3:d/ /hæv ə 'w3:d/	Wort, (hier:) Gespräch, Unterredung jdn. sprechen	Can I have a quick word with you?

## Unit 2

headword	pronunciation	translation/notes	example sentence
all-time (adj)	/ɔ:l'taɪm/	Allzeit-, aller Zeiten	Interest rates are at an <b>all-time</b> high.
anticipate (v)	/æn'tɪsɪpeɪt/	(hier:) erwarten, vorweg- nehmen	The building will be completed around six months earlier than <b>anticipated</b> .
arise (v)	/ə'raɪz/	aufkommen, entstehen	Problems <b>arose</b> over plans to build a new supermarket here.
balance sheet (n)	/ˈbæləns ʃiːt/	Bilanz	A <b>balance sheet</b> is a written statement showing the value of a company at a particular time.
ball (n) get the ball rolling	/bo:l/ /get đə 'bo:l ˌrəʊlɪn/	Ball den Anfang machen, loslegen	There are several things we should discuss. Who'd like to get the ball rolling?
benchmark (v)	/'benʃma:k/	(anhand eines Standards) bewerten	Other car manufactures are using our braking system to <b>benchmark</b> their products.

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blame-storming (n)	/'bleimsto:min/	Verantwortung für Misserfolg festlegen	<b>Blame-storming</b> is when a group meets to decide who's responsible for poor performance.
blunt (adj)	/blant/	(hier:) unverblümt, geradeheraus	It was a frank answer to a <b>blunt</b> question.
bottom line (n)	/'bɒtəm laɪn/	Quintessenz, das Entscheidende	The <b>bottom line</b> is that he lied to Parliament.
box (n) think outside the box	/bɒks/ /Əɪn̞k aʊtˌsaɪd đə 'bɒks/	Kasten, Schachtel quer denken, um die Ecke denken	Employees are encouraged to <b>think outside the box</b> and develop creative solutions.
break even (phr v)	/breɪk ˈiːvən/	(hier:) die Gewinnzone erreichen	Only two years after opening the restaurant they had broken even.
budget (n) run over budget	/'bʌʤət/ /rʌn ˌəʊvə 'bʌʤət/	Budget, Plankosten das Budget überziehen	The film has already <b>run over budget</b> .
buoyant (adj)	/ˈbɔɪənt/	(hier:) fest, heiter	The housing market remains <b>buoyant</b> .
buy-in (n)	/'baɪɪn/	Unterstützung	Getting <b>buy-in</b> from people means getting their support for a proposal or project.
buzzword (n)	/'bʌzwɜ:d/	Mode-, Schlagwort	The <b>buzzword</b> of the moment is 'accountability'.
centralise (v)	/'sentrəlaiz/	zusammenlegen, zentralisieren	The company plans to <b>centralise</b> its financial services at its new location.
-centric (adj)	/'sentrɪk/	-orientiert	We run the school on child-centric principles.
circle (n) go round in circles	/ˈsɜːkəl/ /gəu raund m ˈsɜːkəlz/	Kreis sich im Kreis bewegen	We talked for hours, but we were just going round in circles.
clone (v)	/kləʊn/	kopieren, nachmachen	A rival company has <b>cloned</b> our technology and is

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 12 of 65 one stop english

			selling its products at a lower price.
closure (n)	/'kləʊʒə/	Schließung	The <b>closure</b> of the centre would be a terrible loss to the community.
come (v) come off it!	/kam/ /'kam df it/	kommen mit etw. aufhören	Come off it, I know lots of men who do housework.
competency (n) core competencies	/ˈkɒmpətənsi/ /kɔ: ˈkɒmpətənsɪz/	Kompetenz Kernkompetenz	A company's <b>core competencies</b> are the things it does particularly well.
compulsory (adj) (opposite = voluntary)	/kəm'pʌlsəri/	obligatorisch (Gegenteil = freiwillig)	School uniform is no longer <b>compulsory</b> in many British schools.
confidential (adj)	/kɒnfi'denʃəl/	vertraulich	The reports are treated as strictly <b>confidential</b> .
consolidate (v)	/kən'sɒlɪdeɪt/	(hier:) stärken, festigen	The company <b>is consolidating</b> its hold on technology.
consolidation (n)	/kənsɒlɪˈdeɪʃən/	Konsolidierung, Festigung einer Position	Now is not the time for expansion but for <b>consolidation</b> .
consumer confidence (n)	/kən'sju:mə ˌkɒnfɪdəns/	Verbrauchervertrauen	As the economy recovers, <b>consumer confidence</b> grows and people spend more money.
controversial (adj)	/kɒntrə'vɜ:ʃəl/	(hier:) strittig, umstritten	We tried to stay away from <b>controversial</b> topics at the dinner party.
<b>demotion</b> (n) (opposite = <b>promotion</b> )	/dəˈməʊʃən/	Herabstufung (Gegenteil = Beförderung)	The accounts manager has been threatened with demotion if he makes any more mistakes like that.

direction (n)	/daɪˈrek∫ən/	Richtung	Many Labour supporters are unhappy with the <b>direction</b> the party has taken.
disappointing (adj) (opposite = encouraging)	/disə'pəintin/	enttäuschend (Gegenteil = ermutigend)	Last year's sales figures were very disappointing.
disastrous (adj)	/dɪˈzɑ:strəs/	katastrophal	The consequences of spending cuts would be disastrous for local schools.
discrepancy (n)	/dɪ'skrepənsi/	Differenz, Abweichung, Unstimmigkeit	There has been a <b>discrepancy</b> between estimated and actual spending.
discrimination (n) positive discrimination	/dɪskrɪmɪ'neɪʃən/ /ˌpɒzətɪv dɪskrɪmɪ'neɪʃən/	Diskriminierung, Benachteiligung positive Diskriminierung, bewusste Bevorzugung	A new policy of <b>positive discrimination</b> has led to 75% of management positions in the company being held by women.
disincentive (n) (opposite = incentive)	/dɪsɪn'sentɪv/	Entmutigung, Demotivation (Gegenteil = Ansporn)	Reducing employees' hours has turned out to be a disincentive.
dissatisfied (adj) (opposite = satisfied)	/dɪˈsætɪsfaɪd/	unzufrieden (Gegenteil = zufrieden	He had been feeling very <b>dissatisfied</b> with his life in recent months.
distribution (n)	/dɪstrɪ'bju:ʃən/	Distribution, Vertrieb	Karl is in charge of plans for the marketing and distribution of the new software.
distribution channel	/dɪstrɪ'bju:ʃən ˌtʃænəl/	Vertriebskanal	We can now offer our customers a completely new distribution channel: our online ordering service.
drastic (adj)	/'dræstɪk/	einschneidend, drastisch	The company will be taking <b>drastic</b> measures to reduce its debt.

drift (v)	/drift/	treiben	The conversation <b>drifted</b> from one dull subject to another.
drill down (phr v)	/drɪl 'daun/	auf die Detailebene begeben	Let's look at the big picture and then see if we can <b>drill down</b> to the details.
effort (n) concentrate your efforts	/'efət/ /ˌkɒnsəntreɪt jər 'efəts/	Bemühung, Mühe Bemühungen auf etw. konzentrieren	You should <b>concentrate your efforts</b> on passing these exams.
empowerment (n)	/em'pauəmənt/	Übertragung von Verantwortung	The charity's ultimate objective is the <b>empowerment</b> of the local community.
exception (n)	/ɪkˈsepʃən/	Ausnahme	New technology stocks have done badly in recent months, but Autonomy has been an <b>exception</b> .
expectations (n pl) meet sb's expectations	/ekspek'teɪʃənz/ /mi:t ˌsʌmbədɪz ekspek'teɪʃənz/	Erwartung(en) jds. Erwartungen erfüllen	Did the holiday <b>meet your expectations</b> ? How could we improve our service?
explore (v) explore options	/ɪk'splɔ:/ /ɪk'splɔ: ˌɒpʃənz/	erkunden, sondieren Optionen / Alternativen erkunden	It is worth <b>exploring</b> other <b>options</b> to find a solution to this problem.
extent (n) to an extent	/ik'stent/ /tu ən ik'stent/	Ausmaß, Grad in gewissem Maße	To an extent, I was relieved.
fact (n) the fact is	/fækt/ /đə 'fækt ız/	Tatsache, Fakt Tatsache ist	The fact is, he lost because he didn't try very hard.
as a matter of fact	/æz ə ˌmætər əv 'fækt/	im Grunde, eigentlich	I haven't been here long. <b>As a matter of fact</b> , I just got off the plane yesterday.
the fact remains that	/đə 'fækt rə'meınz đæt/	Tatsache ist weiterhin / es bleibt dabei, dass	Everyone talks about sexual equality, but the fact remains that women are paid less than men.

fall short of sth (phr v)  (opposite = exceed sth)	/fo:l 'ʃo:t əv ˌsʌmӨɪŋ/	unterhalb von etw. bleiben, etw. nicht erreichen (Gegenteil = etw. übertreffen)	The party is likely to fall short of a parliamentary majority.
figure out (phr v) figure out how to do sth	/'f igər aut/ /'f igər aut hau tə du: ˌsʌməɪn/	herausarbeiten, -finden herausfinden, wie etw. zu tun ist	We'll have to <b>figure out</b> how the GPS on the hire car works
fill sb in on sth (phr v)	/ˈf ɪl sʌmbədi ɪn ɒn ˌsʌmӨɪႃ/	jdn. über etw. informieren / auf den aktuellen Stand bringen	My secretary will fill you in on the details.
finalise (v)	/'f aməlaiz/	abschließen	We still need to <b>finalise</b> our plans.
get ahead (phr v) get ahead of yourself	/get ə'hed/ /get ə'hed əv jəˌself/	vorankommen, weiter- kommen vorschnell Schlüsse ziehen	We're getting ahead of ourselves here. We still don't know whether the merger is just a rumour.
go along with sth (phr v)	/gəʊ ə'lɒŋ wɪӨ ˌsʌmӨɪŋ/	mit etw. übereinstimmen	I think I would tend to <b>go along with</b> what Tim was saying.
go under (phr v)	/gəʊ 'ʌndə/	untergehen	Is the British film industry going under?
the grass roots (n pl)	/đə gra:s 'ru:ts/	Basis, "beim Fußvolk"	Change begins at <b>the grass roots</b> in an organisation.
ground (n) cover a lot of ground	/graund/ /ˌkʌvər ə lɒt əv 'graund/	Boden viel abdecken	We'll <b>be covering a lot of</b> new <b>ground</b> in today's lecture.
hopeless (adj)	/'həupləs/	hoffnungslos, chancenlos	The lawyers said it was a <b>hopeless</b> case.

hostile (adj) (opposite = friendly)	/'hɒstaɪl/	feindlich, -selig, ablehnend (Gegenteil = freundlich, gewogen)	George is trying to save the family company from a hostile takeover bid.
if (n) a big if	/ɪf/ /ə 'bɪg ɪf/	Wenn ein großes Wenn (eine große Frage)	If we move – and that's <b>a big if</b> – I'll have to find a new job.
if (conj) if and when	/ɪf/ /ɪf ən 'wen/	wenn, falls wenn und falls	I'm planning to take early retirement, <b>if and when</b> the company is taken over.
implement (v)	/'impləment/	umsetzen, durchführen	The agreement was signed but its recommendations were never <b>implemented</b> .
inflated (adj) (opposite = deflated)	/ın'fleıtəd/	aufgeblähte, hoch- getrieben (Gegenteil = angemessen)	The directors of the bank received vastly <b>inflated</b> salaries.
input (n)	/'mput/	Beiträge	Input from visiting scientists will increase the value of our work.
issue (n) a different issue	/'ɪʃu:/ /ə ˌdɪfrənt 'ɪʃu:/	Thema, Problem ein anderes Thema	The ethical justification of cloning is a different issue.
not be an issue	/not bi: ən 'ıʃu:/	kein Thema sein	The reliability of the statistics <b>is not an issue</b> .
job-share scheme (n)	/ˈʤɒbʃeə ski:m/	Arbeitsplatzteilungsplan	Charlotte is in a <b>job-share scheme</b> with two other doctors' receptionists.
justify (v)	/ˈʤʌstɪfaɪ/	rechtfertigen, erklären	It was becoming increasingly difficult to <b>justify</b> such expenditure.
lay-off (n)	/'leɪɒf/	Entlassung	The factory managers have announced that there will be further <b>layoffs</b> before the end of the month.

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layout (n)	/'leɪaʊt/	(hier:) Bauweise	The <b>layout</b> of your house and garden can deter crime.
level (n) take sth to the next level	/'levəl/ /teik ˌsʌmӨiŋ tə ðə nekst 'levəl/	Niveau, Stufe das nächsthöhere Niveau erreichen	Intensive training over the winter has helped Murray take his game to the next level.
long game (n) the long game	/lɒn ˈgeɪm/ /đə lɒn ˈgeɪm/	Fernblick (fig.) Langfristperspektive	The long game is another way of describing your long-term objectives.
loss (n) run at a loss	/lɒs/ /rʌn æt ə 'lɒs/	Verlust Verluste machen	The company <b>has been running at a loss</b> for the last 18 months.
low (n) (opposite = high)	/ləʊ/	niedrig (Gegenteil = hoch)	Share prices hit an all-time low.
market-driven (adj)	/ˈmɑ:kɪtˌdrɪvən/	marktgerecht	<b>Market-driven</b> products are controlled by what and how much people want to buy.
maximise (v) (opposite = minimise)	/ˈmæksɪmaɪz/	maximieren (Gegenteil = minimieren)	We aim to <b>maximise</b> profits over the next year.
mind (n) to my mind	/maind/ /tə mai 'maind/	Verstand, Kopf, Vorstellung, Meinung meiner Meinung nach / aus meiner Sicht	To my mind, their behaviour is unreasonable.
mindset (n)	/'maindset/	Denkweise, Kultur	The company will have to change its whole <b>mindset</b> if it is to survive.
opinion (n) a matter of opinion	/ə'pɪnjən/ /ə ˌmætər əv ə'pɪnjən/	Meinung, Auffassung Ansichtssache	Whether or not he should have been released is a matter of opinion.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 18 of 65

one stop english
.com

oppose (v) (opposite = support)	/ə'peuz/	widersetzen, entgegen- setzen, ablehnen (Gegenteil = unterstützen)	There was a major campaign to <b>oppose</b> the building of a nuclear reactor.
option (n) be an option for sb one option would be to	/ˈbiː ən ˈɒpʃən fə ˌsʌmbədi/ /wʌn ˈɒpʃən wəd biː tu/	Alternative, Möglichkeit, Option eine (Wahl-)Möglichkeit sein eine Möglichkeit wäre	Selling the farm is still an option for us.  One option would be to close the Swedish branch.  We have no option but to make half the sales team redundant.
have no option but to	/hæv neu 'ɒp∫ən bʌt tu/	keine Alternative haben	redundant.
outlay (n) capital outlay	/'autleɪ/ /ˌkæpɪtəl 'autleɪ/	Aufwand, Kosten Kapital-, Mittelaufwand	We anticipate an initial <b>capital outlay</b> of over £300,000.
outnumber (v)	/aut'nʌmbə/	jdm. gegenüber in der Mehrzahl sein	Despite <b>being outnumbered</b> , they managed to fight back bravely.
outsource (v)	/'autso:s/	(hier:) Aufträge extern vergeben	We <b>outsource</b> over 60% of our production work to specialist machinists.
overspend (n)	/ˈəʊvəspend/	Budgetüberschreitung	The <b>overspend</b> for the marketing department alone runs into thousands of pounds.
<pre>overstaffed (adj)   (opposite = understaffed)</pre>	/əuvə'sta:ft/	überbelegt, -besetzt (Gegenteil = unterbelegt, -besetzt)	Reduced orders mean that most of our distribution warehouses are <b>overstaffed</b> .
<pre>oversupplied (adj) (opposite = undersupplied)</pre>	/əuvəsə'plaɪd/	mit einem Überangebot versehen (mit einem Unterangebot versehen)	The sportswear market is massively <b>oversupplied</b> .
paradigm shift (n)	/ˌpærədaɪm 'ʃɪft /	Paradigmenwechsel	A paradigm shift is a basic change in ideas or

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			methods.
<pre>phase sth out (phr v) (opposite = phase sth in)</pre>	/'feɪz ˌsʌmӨɪŋ aut/	auslaufen lassen, stufen- weise zurückziehen (Gegenteil = allmählich einführen)	Over the following three years, the use of the drug will be phased out.
pick up (phr v)	/pɪk 'ʌp/	(hier:) sich (ver-)bessern	They won't let him out of hospital until his health has picked up quite a lot.
picture (n) look at the big picture	/ˈpɪktʃə/ /ˌluk æt đə big ˈpiktʃə/	Bild auf das große Ganze sehen	Let's <b>look at the big picture</b> and then see if we can drill down to the details.
point (n) get straight to the point	/pɔint/ /get ˌstreit tə đə 'pɔint/	Punkt, Argument ohne Umschweife zum Thema kommen	I'll get straight to the point: last month's sales figures were the lowest in seven years.
the point is	/đə 'pəɪnt ız/	es geht darum, dass	The point is we're spending too much on marketing and not enough on R & D.
be beside the point	/bi: bi <sub>1</sub> said đə 'pɔint/	nicht zum Thema gehören	Stephen had certainly lied to her, but that was beside the point.
point of view	/ˈpɔɪnt əv ˌvjuː/	Perspektive, Sicht	From the <b>point of view of safety</b> , the proposed measures are a significant improvement.
position (n) be in a position to do sth	/pəˈzɪʃən/ /bi: ın ə pəˈzɪʃən tə du: "sʌməɪŋ/	Lage, Position, Stellung in der Lage sein etw. zu tun	I'm not in a position to say who my sources are.
the position is this	/đə pə'zıʃən ız đɪs/	die Lage ist folgender- maßen	The position is this: all new residents are assessed by a social worker.
position on sth	/pəˈzɪʃən ɒn ˌsʌmӨɪŋ/	Sicht eines Thema /	No one was sure of his <b>position on</b> any issue.

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 20 of 65

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		Thema	
pour (v) pour money into sth	/pɔ:/ /pɔ: 'mʌni ɪntə ˌsʌmӨɪŋ/	gießen, schütten viel Geld in etwas investieren	They've already <b>poured</b> a lot of time and <b>money into</b> this project.
proactive (adj)	/prəuˈæktɪv/	proaktiv, vorausschauend handelnd	We need someone <b>proactive</b> , in other words someone who'll take action before a problem develops.
profit (n) profit margin negative profit	/'profit/ /'profit <sub>i</sub> ma:∈/ / <sub>i</sub> negətiv 'profit/	Gewinn Gewinnmarge negativer Gewinn	Increased production costs mean a decrease in <b>profit</b> margins.  'Negative profit' is just a polite way of saying 'loss'.
projection (n)	/prə'ʤekʃən/	Prognose, Vorhersage	It is his job to make <b>projections</b> about publishing trends.
<pre>promotion (n)   (opposite = demotion)</pre>	/prə'məʊʃən/	Beförderung (Gegenteil = Herab- stufung)	We try to fill our executive positions by <b>promotion</b> from within.
propose (v)	/prə'pəuz/	vorschlagen	France <b>has proposed</b> creating a rapid-reaction force to deal with the crisis.
pull out of (phr v)	/pul 'aut əv/	sich zurückziehen	The firm is <b>pulling out of</b> the personal computer business.
push-back (n)	/ˈpuʃbæk/	Widerstand	I'm expecting a certain amount of <b>push-back</b> but I need staff support to get this proposal accepted.
question (n) a question of	/'kwestʃən/ /ə 'kwestʃən əv/	Frage eine Frage (von)	There would definitely be some job losses; it was just a question of how many.
be out of the question	/bi: ¡aut əv đə 'kwestʃən/	außer Frage sein, nicht in Betracht kommen	Taking a holiday in July is out of the question.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 21 of 65

one stop english
.com

R & D (n) (= research and development)	/ɑ:rən'di:/	F&E (Forschung und Entwicklung	We're spending too much on marketing and not enough on <b>R &amp; D</b> .
ramp up (phr v)	/'ræmp ʌp/	aufstocken, hochfahren	We've had to <b>ramp up</b> production to meet demand.
reality check (n)	/ri:'æləti tʃek/	Realitätsprüfung	Time for a <b>reality check</b> here; can we actually finish this on time?
reckon (v) what do you reckon?	/'rekən/ /wɒt də ju: 'rekən/	meinen, vermuten, schätzen was meinst du?	I think it'll work. What do you reckon?
redundancy (n) voluntary redundancy	/rə'dʌndənsi/ /ˌvɒləntri rə'dʌndənsi/	Kündigung freiwillige Kündigung	Staff were offered a choice between moving or taking voluntary redundancy.
relations (n pl) customer relations	/rɪ'leɪʃənz/ /ˌkʌstəmə rɪ'leɪʃənz/	Beziehung(en) Kundenbindung	Offering after-sales service is key to good <b>customer</b> relations.
restructure (v)	/riː'strʌktʃə/	umbauen, restrukturieren	The first step in their plans to <b>restructure</b> the company was to move the headquarters to Luton.
rethink (v)	/ri:'\text{\text{PIn}}k/	überdenken	Competitive pressures are forcing managers to <b>rethink</b> their strategies.
review (n) salary review	/rɪ'vju:/ /'sæləri rɪˌvju:/	Besprechung, Bewertung Gehaltsbesprechung	The performance of your students in the exams will be directly linked to your <b>salary review</b> .
say (v) go without saying	/sei/ /ıgəu wiaut 'seiin/	sagen, sprechen, reden selbstverständlich sein / sich von selbst verstehen	It goes without saying that I'm sorry.
schedule (v)	/ˈʃedju:l/	planen, ansetzen, veran- schlagen	They <b>have scheduled</b> the factory for completion in 2004.
scope out (phr v)	/skəup 'aut/	abstecken, erkunden,	

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scope out the competition	/skəup 'aut đə kɒmpəˌtɪʃən/	bewerten Wettbewerbsposition ermitteln	We need to <b>scope out</b> the competition before we open a new business.
screw-up (n)	/'skru:ʌp/	(Bock-)Mist, Murks, Fehler	There's been a big <b>screw-up</b> with the mailing list – no one's received the invitations.
shake-up (n)	/ˈʃeɪkʌp/	Reorganisation, Umbesetzung	We're expecting a major <b>shake-up</b> in every department after the takeover.
sidetracked (adj) get sidetracked	/'saidtrækt/ /get 'saidtrækt/	abgelenkt abgelenkt werden	It's easy to <b>get sidetracked</b> by the design details.
slide (v) slide into debt	/slaɪd/ /'slaɪd ɪntə det/	rutschen sich verschulden, in Schulden hineinrutschen	The company <b>slid</b> further <b>into debt</b> last year.
stand (v)	/stænd/	stehen, (hier:) eine Position einnehmen	Where does the Prime Minister <b>stand</b> on this issue?
stimulate (v)	/'stɪmjəleɪt/	anregen, stimulieren	The government should do more to <b>stimulate</b> investment in the north.
strategy (n)	/'strætəʤi/	Strategie	The countries hope to devise a common <b>strategy</b> to provide aid.
struggle (v)	/'ʃtrʌgəl/	kämpfen	She <b>was struggling</b> to cope with the demands of her work.
subsidiary (n)	/sʌb'sɪdjəri/	Tochter(gesellschaft)	The company started out as a <b>subsidiary</b> of General Motors.
supply chain (n)	/sə'plaı tʃeɪn/	Beschaffungskette	The <b>supply chain</b> is the series of processes involved in supplying a product to someone.
synergise (v)	/'sınəʤaız/	Synergien erzeugen	To <b>synergise</b> is to combine strengths and benefit from working together as a team.

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thought (n) not give sth much thought	/O:t/ /npt giv samOin matf 'O:t/	Gedanke etw. nicht beachten / nicht über etw. nach- denken	He obviously hadn't given his application letter much thought.
track (n) be on the right track	/træk/ /bi: ɒn đə raɪt 'træk/	Kurs, Weg, Gleis, auf dem richtigen Weg sein	The figures show we are on the right track.
trend (n)	/trend/	Trend, Entwicklung(slinie)	It is his job to make projections about publishing <b>trends</b> .
turn sth around (phr v)	/tɜ:n ˌsʌmӨɪŋ əˈraund/	etw. umdrehen, in die entgegengesetzte Richtung bringen	The £400 million loan will help turn the Russian economy around.
underachievement (n) (opposite = achievement)	/ʌndərə'tʃi:vmənt/	schwache Leistung (Gegenteil = starke Leistung)	How are we going to tackle boys' underachievement in schools?
upgrade (v) (opposite = downgrade)	/ʌp'greɪd/	ausbauen, erweitern (Gegenteil = abbauen, verringern)	£1.5 million is being spent on <b>upgrading</b> security procedures.
upskill (v)	/ʌpˈskɪl/	fort-, ausbilden	Provision has been made in the training budget for <b>upskilling</b> all staff in the use of the new software.
vague (adj)	/veig/	ungenau, vage	Witnesses gave only a <b>vague</b> description of the driver.
volatile (adj) (opposite = stable)	/'vɒlətaɪl/	unbeständig, volatil (Gegenteil = beständig, stetig)	It would be very risky to sell shares with the stock market as <b>volatile</b> as it is at present.
wander away from sth (phr v)	/wpndər əwei frəm	von etw. abschweifen	We seem to have wandered away from the subject of recruitment.

way (n) not mind either way	/wei/ /not maind aidə 'wei/	Weg, Weise egal sein, mit etw. leben können	Either we move house or I find a new job: I don't mind either way.
with (prep) be with sb	/wi\text{\Omega}/ /bi: 'wi\text{\Omega} is ambədi/	mit jdm. folgen (können)	'Are you with me?' 'No, could you explain that bit again?'
word (n) in other words	/w3:d/ /m ʌđə 'w3:dz/	Wort anders gesagt, mit anderen Worten	These were people who fought for money – mercenaries, <b>in other words</b> .

## Unit 3

headword	pronunciation	translation/notes	example sentence
absolve (v) absolve sb of/from sth	/æb'zɒlv/ /æb'zɒlv sʌmbədi ɒv/frɒm ˌsʌm $\Theta$ ɪŋ/	freisprechen, entbinden jd. von etw. frei- sprechen	The report <b>absolves the pilot from any blame</b> for the crash.
accountability (n)	/əˌkaʊntə'bɪləti/	Verantwortlichkeit	Accountability is an acceptance of your responsibilities.
adhere to sth (phr v)	/med'hiə tə ˌsʌmӨin/	sich an etw. halten, bei etw. bleiben	We must strictly <b>adhere to the terms</b> of the contract.
administer (v)	/æd'mɪnɪstə/	verwalten	The foundation was formed specifically to <b>administer</b> the project.
audit (n)	/ˈɔːdɪt/	Revision, Überprüfung	The council is going to carry out an <b>audit</b> of transport services for the elderly.

bearable (adj)	/'beərəbəl/	erträglich	The cost of running the farm is only <b>bearable</b> because of government subsidies.
biodiversity (n)	/ˌbaɪəʊdaɪ'vɜːsəti/	biologische Vielfalt	<b>Biodiversity</b> is the variety of different types of plant and animal life in a particular region.
bottom line (n)	/'bɒtəm laın/	(hier:) Resultat, das Entscheidende, grundsätzliche Aus- richtung	He keeps a careful eye on the <b>bottom line</b> .
triple bottom line	/ˌtrɪpəl 'bɒtəm laɪn/	Dreifachausrichtung	The <b>triple bottom line</b> is the simultaneous pursuit of economic prosperity, environmental quality and social equity.
breach (n) breach of contract	/bri:tʃ/ /bri:tʃ əv 'kɒntrækt/	Bruch Vertragsbruch	If you don't deliver on time, you could be sued for <b>breach</b> of contract.
breach of trust	/bri:tʃ əv 'trʌst/	Vertrauensbruch	Agreeing to the merger would be a <b>breach of</b> our employees' <b>trust.</b>
bribery (n)	/'braɪbəri/	Bestechung	He is appearing in court on charges of <b>bribery</b> and tax evasion.
brownfield site (n)	/'braunfi:ld saɪt/	aus gewerblichen Brachflächen hervor- gegangenes Bauland	We've located a <b>brownfield site</b> in a perfect location for our new headquarters.
buzzword (n)	/'bʌzwɜːd/	Schlag-, Modewort	The buzzword of the moment is 'accountability'.
carbon (n) carbon emissions	/ˈkɑːbən/ /ˈkɑːbən ɪˌmɪ∫ənz/	CO2 (auch: Emission) CO2-Ausstoß	My new car has better fuel economy and lower carbon emissions than my old one.
carbon footprint	/ˈkɑːbən ˌfʊtprɪnt/	CO2-Bilanz (Emissionsbilanz)	We're travelling by train instead of flying to reduce our carbon footprint.

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Units 1-5, Page 26 of 65 one stop english

carbon neutrality	/ˈkɑːbən njuːˌtræləti/	CO2-Neutralität (Emissionsneutralität)	The company hopes to achieve <b>carbon neutrality</b> by sponsoring a tree planting scheme.
card (n) play your cards right	/kɑ:d/ /pleɪ jə 'kɑ:dz raɪt/	Karte etw. richtig anstellen	If you <b>play your cards right</b> , the company might pay your travel expenses.
catastrophic (adj)	/'kætəˌstrɒfik/	katastrophal	The company's losses last quarter were <b>catastrophic</b> .
clean tech (n)	/'kli:n tek/	Zukunftstechnologie, energieeffiziente und umweltfreundliche Technologie	Clean tech describes appliances which are more energy-efficient and environmentally-friendly.
climate (n) economic climate	/'klaımət/ /i:kə <sub>ı</sub> nɒmɪk 'klaımət/	Klima Wirtschaftsklima	We are unable to increase wages in the current <b>economic climate</b> .
closure (n)	/ˈkləʊʒə/	Schließung	The children's hospital is threatened with <b>closure</b> .
code of conduct (n)	/'kəud əv ˌkɒndʌkt /	Verhaltenskodex	Managers are expected to comply with the company's code of conduct.
collaboration (n) in collaboration with sb	/kə'læbəreɪʃən/ /ın kə'læbəreɪʃən wıӨ ˌsʌmbədi/	Zusammenarbeit in Zusammenarbeit mit	The tale was written in collaboration with Wilkie Collins.
commission (v)	/kəˈmɪʃən/	in Auftrag geben	We have commissioned a full survey of the property.
commitment (n) honour a commitment to sb	/kə'mɪtmənt/ /ˌɒnər ə kə'mɪtmənt tə ˌsʌmbədi/	(hier:) Verpflichtung eine Verpflichtung einhalten	The Government will continue to honour its commitment to pensioners.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 27 of 65

one stop english
.com

compensation (n)	/ˌkɒmpənˈseɪʃən/	Entschädigung	She was awarded £2,000 <b>compensation</b> for her injuries.
compliance (n) (in) compliance with sth	/kəm'plarəns/ /rn kəm'plarəns wr\text{\text{\text{\$0\$}}} _r\text{\text{\$0\$}}\text{\$0\$}	Übereinstimmung, Komformität in Übereinstimmung mit	All building work must be carried out in compliance with safety regulations.
comply with sth (phr v)	/kəm'plaı wı\text{\text{\text{\$\text{\$0\$}}} sam\text{\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\}}}}}}}}}}}} \endotinegetiender}} \endotinegetiend{\$\text{\$\tex{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\}\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}}}}}}}}}} \$\t	etw. befolgen	You are legally obliged to <b>comply</b> fully <b>with any investigations.</b>
compromise (n)	/'kɒmprəmaɪz/	Kompromiss	Both sides have agreed to meet, in the hope of reaching a <b>compromise</b> .
compromise (v)	/'komprəmaız/	etw. beeinträchtigen, (hier:) etw. billigend in Kauf nehmen	We cannot <b>compromise</b> the safety of our workers.
condone (v)	/kən'dəʊn/	etw. (stillschweigend) billigen	The school does not <b>condone</b> bullying of any kind.
-conscious (adj)	/ˈkɒnʃəs/	-bewusst	Health- <b>conscious</b> mothers are buying more organic baby food.
consideration (n) financial consideration	/kənsidə'reiʃən/ /faiˌnænʃəl kənsidə'reiʃən/	(hier:) Gesichtspunkt, Faktor, Überlegung	For most people, the most important <b>financial consideration</b> in choosing a mortgage is the cost of repayments.
consultation (n)	/kɒnsəl'teɪʃən/	(hier:) Rücksprache	We can go ahead only after <b>consultation</b> with the management.
contemplate (v)	/'kontəmpleɪt/	über etw. nachdenken, in Betracht ziehen	He refuses even to <b>contemplate</b> moving house again.
contributor (n)	/kən'trɪbjətə/	Mitwirkender	The tennis star has been a major <b>contributor</b> to the campaign.

corporate citizenship (n)	/ˌkɔ:pərət 'sɪtɪzənʃɪp/	gesellschaftliches Engagement von Unternehmen	An important area of <b>corporate citizenship</b> is investment in troubled areas of the world to provide jobs and security.
corporate social responsibility (CSR) (n)	/ˌkɔ:pərət səʊʃəl rɪspɒnsə'bɪləti/ /si:es'ɑ:/	gesellschaftliche Verantwortung von Unternehmen	<b>CSR</b> belongs in every company but the reality is that you have to make money first to give it away.
corrupt (v)	/kəˈrʌpt/	korrumpieren	In his view, the people <b>have been corrupted</b> by their desire for wealth.
corruption (n)	/kəˈrʌpʃən/	Korruption	The bank was closed down amid allegations of <b>corruption</b> and fraud.
cost-effective (adj)	/kɒstɪ'fektɪv/	kostengünstig, wirtschaftlich	This is the most <b>cost-effective</b> distribution method.
court (n) take sb to court	/kɔ:t/ /teɪk ˌsʌmbədi tə 'kɔ:t/	Hof, (hier:) Gericht jdn. verklagen	Lynn took her employers to court for compensation.
coverage (n) press coverage	/ˈkʌvərɪʤ/ /pres ˈkʌvərɪʤ/	Behandlung, Berichterstattung Berichterstattung in der Presse	The murder has received extensive <b>press coverage</b> .
crisis management (n)	/ˈkraɪsɪs ˌmænɪʤmənt/	Krisenmanagement	We need to come up with a <b>crisis management</b> plan before Friday.
cynical (adj) take a cynical view of sth	/'sınıkəl/ /teik ə 'sınıkəl vju: əv ısamθın/	zynisch eine zynische Betrachtung vornehmen	I know that some of you take a cynical view of the proposals.
devil's advocate (n) play devil's advocate	/ˌdevɪlz 'ædvəkət/	Advocatus Diaboli den Advocatus Diaboli	Someone who <b>plays devil's advocate</b> pretends to

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	/pleɪ ˌdevɪlz 'ædvəkət/	spielen	disagree with someone in order to start an argument or interesting discussion.
dilemma (n)	/daɪ'lemə/	Dilemma	We now face an embarrassing <b>dilemma</b> : Should we stay or go?
disclose (v)	/dɪs'kləuz/	etw. bekanntgeben, enthüllen	They were reluctant to <b>disclose</b> that profits had fallen.
discrimination (n) positive discrimination	/dıskrımı'neıʃən/ /ˌpɒzətɪv dıskrımı'neıʃən/	Benachteiligung, Diskriminierung positive Diskriminierung (bewusste Bevorzugung)	Positive discrimination is the practice of giving special benefits to people from a group that was treated in an unfair way in the past.
disruption (n)	/dɪsˈrʌpʃən/	(hier:) Behinderung, Beeinträchtigung	The train strikes caused major <b>disruption</b> to thousands of commuters.
disturbing (adj)	/dɪs'tɜ:bɪn/	irritierend, verstörend	I found the book deeply <b>disturbing</b> .
diversity (n)	/dar'v3:səti/	Vielfalt	We value the rich ethnic and cultural <b>diversity</b> of the group.
divisive (adj)	/dɪˈvaɪsɪv/	kontrovers, entzweiend	Whether or not to sue our distributor has become a divisive issue among the directors.
dole out (phr v)	/dəul 'aut/	sparsam aus-, verteilen	The government has agreed to <b>dole out</b> an additional £5 million to schools.
donor (n)	/ˈdəʊnə/	Spender/in	The museum was saved by an anonymous <b>donor</b> .
downturn (n) (opposite = upturn)	/'daunt3:n/	Rückgang, Abwärts- trend (Gegenteil = Anstied	There has been a sharp <b>downturn</b> in demand in recent months.

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Units 1-5, Page 30 of 65 one stop english

		Aufwärtstrend)	
drained (adj)	/dreind/	ausgetrocknet, erschöpft	Most of the charitable funds are <b>drained</b> .
eco-speak (n)	/ˈiːkəʊspiːk/	Ökosprache	'Carbon neutrality' and 'biodiversity' are examples of <b>eco-speak</b> .
embrace (v)	/ɪm'breɪs/	gutheißen	Most countries have enthusiastically <b>embraced</b> the concept of high-speed railways.
enable (v)	/ɪn'eɪbəl/	in die Lage versetzen	Enemy communications were destroyed, <b>enabling</b> a surprise attack.
enlightened (adj) (opposite = unenlightened)	/m'laitənd/	aufgeklärt, liberal (Gegenteil = restriktiv, konservativ)	Their parents took an <b>enlightened</b> approach to child-rearing.
entitle sb to do sth (phr v)	/m'taɪtəl sʌmbədi tə du: ˌsʌmΘɪn/	das Recht haben etw. zu tun	The people who are entitled to vote should be aware of that fact.
ethical (adj) (opposite = unethical)	/'e⊖ıkəl/	(hier:) moralisch (Gegenteil = unmoralisch)	Importing goods from factories which employ children contravenes our <b>ethical</b> trade policies.
evacuation (n)	/ɪvækjʊ'eɪʃən/	Räumung, Evakuierung	The complete <b>evacuation</b> of the building took less than five minutes.
exemplary (adj)	/ɪgˈzempləri/	beispielhaft	Denmark has an <b>exemplary</b> human rights record.
eyebrow (n) raise eyebrows	/'aɪbrau/ /reɪz 'aɪbrauz/	Augenbraue die Augenbrauen hochziehen	His blunt criticism of the company raised a few eyebrows at the shareholders' meeting.
fair trade (n)	/feə 'treɪd/	fairer Handel	It is company policy to only purchase <b>fair trade</b> coffee and tea.
favourable (adj)	/'feɪvərəbəl/	wohlwollend, günstig	Part-time workers should not receive less favourable

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(opposite = <b>unfavourable</b> )		(Gegenteil = ablehnend, ungünstig)	treatment than full-timers.
fiddle (n) play the fiddle while Rome burns	/'fidəl/ /pleɪ ðə 'fidəl waɪl ˌrəʊm bɜ:nz/	Geige Geige spielen, während Rom brennt	They accused the manager of <b>playing the fiddle while Rome burns</b> because he was choosing office furniture when the workers walked out on strike.
figure (v) that figures	/ˈfigəz/ /ðæt ˈfigəz/	(hier:) passen, der Erwartung entsprechen; Das hätte ich mir denken können	'Dana has just announced her resignation.' 'That figures. She wasn't happy about relocating.'
focus (v) be focused on sth	/'fəukəst/ /bi: 'fəukəst ɒn ˌsʌmӨɪŋ/	sich konzentrieren auf etw. konzentriert sein, im Mittelpunkt stehen	Efforts are now focused on cleaning up the beaches.
follow through (phr v)	/ˈfɒləʊ Əru:/	etw. bis zum Ende verfolgen, etw. "durch- ziehen"	Jack hasn't followed through on one project this year.
forefront (n) at the forefront of sth	/ˈfɔːfrʌnt/ /æt đə ˈfɔːfrʌnt əv ˌsʌmΘɪղ /	vorderste Front, Spitze an der Spitze von etw. stehen	We are at the forefront of efforts to tackle inequality.
foremost (adj)	/ˈfɔ:məʊst/	führend, an vorderster Stelle	He is one of Mexico's <b>foremost</b> authorities on Aztec culture.
frugality (n)	/fru:'gæləti/	Genügsamkeit, Darben	A few months of <b>frugality</b> have made quite a difference to our financial situation.
generate (v)	/ˈʤenəreɪt/	erzeugen	75% of France's electricity <b>is generated</b> by nuclear reactors.
gesture (n)	/ˈʤestjə/	Geste, Handzeig	

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a noble gesture	/ə <sub>ı</sub> nəubəl 'ʤestjə/	eine noble Geste	Refusing to take any money for the job was a noble gesture but can we afford it?
given (n)	/'gɪvən/	Selbstverständlichkeit, Naturgesetz	It is a <b>given</b> that most animals will protect their young.
go-ahead (n) give sb the go-ahead	/ˈgəʊəhed/ /gɪv ˌsʌmbədi ðə ˈgəʊəhed/	Erlaubnis, grünes Licht, Zustimmung jdm. grünes Licht geben	Rosenthal had been given the go-ahead by his doctor to resume training.
<b>golden</b> (adj) golden opportunity	/ˈgəʊldən/ /ˈgəʊldən ɒpəˌtju:nəti/	golden einzigartige Chance	We missed a <b>golden opportunity</b> to win the Boots account from our competitors.
golden parachute	/ˈgəʊldən ˌpærəʃuːt/	großzügige Abfindung ("goldener Fallschirm")	If the two companies merge, I'll be made redundant but will receive a <b>golden parachute</b> of £80,000.
golden rule	/ˈgəʊldən ruːl/	goldene / eherne Regel	One <b>golden rule</b> in teaching is never to lose your temper.
governance (n)	/'gʌvənəns/	(hier:) Regieren, Führen	The process of governing a country or organisation is known as <b>governance</b> .
green tech (n)	/'gri:n tek/	grüne Technologie	<b>Green tech</b> is a term used to describe technical innovations with the objective of reducing impact on the environment.
guidelines (n pl)	/'gaɪdlaɪnz/	Richtlinie(n)	Refugees' applications are handled in accordance with United Nations <b>guidelines</b> .
guilty (adj) prove sb guilty	/ˈgɪlti/ /pruːv ˌsʌmbədi ˈgɪlti/	schuldig jdn. einer Tat über- führen	Robbins was proved guilty of manslaughter.

hasty (adj) (opposite = cautious)	/'heɪsti/	übereilt (Gegenteil = vorsichtig, behutsam)	She shouldn't be so <b>hasty</b> . She could have waited for the test results before talking to the press.
health hazard (n)	/helO ,hæzəd/	Gefährung der Gesundheit	Pollution is a major <b>health hazard</b> .
historically (adv)	/hɪ'stɒrɪkli/	geschichtlich (betrachtet)	<b>Historically</b> , relations between the two countries have never been good.
honourable (adj) (opposite = dishonourable)	/ˈhɒnərəbəl/	ehrenwert, -haft (Gegenteil = unehren- wert, -haft)	The only <b>honourable</b> thing to do was to say nothing.
house (n) keep your house in order	/haus/ /ki:p jə 'haus ın ˌɔ:də/	Haus das eigene Haus in Ordnung halten, vor der eigenen Tür kehren	Unless we can keep <b>our</b> own <b>house in order</b> we are in no position to criticise other countries.
hypocritical (adj)	/hɪpə'krıtıkəl/	heuchlerisch	I thought it was <b>hypocritical</b> of the doctor to recommend that you do more exercise when he himself is overweight.
impact (n)	/'impækt/	(Aus-)Wirkung, Effekt	To what extent does the company's pension fund take account of the social <b>impact</b> of its investments?
implement (v)	/'impləment/	umsetzen	Attempts to <b>implement</b> change have met with strong opposition.
implication (n)	/ɪmplɪˈkeɪʃən/	Folge, Auswirkung	The economic <b>implications</b> for the steel industry will be far-reaching.
indecisive (adj) (opposite = decisive)	/ındı'saısıv/	unentschlossen, wankelmütig (Gegenteil = entschlossen)	Critics say he has been weak and indecisive.
inescapable (adj)	/ını'skeıpəbəl/	unausweichlich	The <b>inescapable</b> fact is that the situation is unlikely to change.

inexorable (adj)	/ɪn'eksərəbəl/	unaufhaltsam, uner- bittlich	The <b>inexorable</b> growth of health care spending in the States is believed to be due to the greater use of advanced technology.
initiate (v)	/ɪ'nɪʃɪeɪt/	anstoßen, initiieren	The company <b>initiated</b> a management training programme for small businesses.
initiative (n)	/ɪ'nɪ∫ətɪv/	Anstoß, Initiative	The two presidents discussed a number of <b>initiatives</b> designed to address the problem of child poverty.
insecure (adj) (opposite = secure)	/msr'kjuə/	unsicher (Gegenteil = sicher)	With the downturn in the market their jobs have become very <b>insecure</b> .
intensify (v)	/ɪnˈtensɪfaɪ/	intensivieren, erhöhen, verstärken	Economic conditions <b>intensified</b> the pressure on industry to raise prices.
interest (n) the public interest	/'intərest/ /đə ˌpʌblɪk 'intərest/	Interesse das öffentliche Interesse	The company is taking firm action in this crisis and is being seen to be putting <b>the public interest</b> first.
know-how (n)	/ˈnəʊhaʊ/	Expertise, Know-how	If you can provide the funding for the project, we will supply the <b>know-how</b> .
layoff (n)	/'leɪɒf/	Entlassung, Kündigung	Factory managers have warned that there may be more layoffs before the end of the year.
leak (v)	/li:k/	lecken, (hier:) etw. durchsickern lassen, weitergeben	A secret memorandum <b>had been leaked</b> to the press.
legislation (n)	/leʤɪˈsleɪʃən/	Gesetzgebung	Under current <b>legislation</b> , factories must keep noise to a minimum.
line (n) in line with sth	/lain /in 'lain wi\text{\tin}\text{\ti}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\tin}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tex{\tex	Linie in Übereinstimmung mit etw. sein, im Einklang mit etw. stehen	The costs were very much in line with what we expected.

mercenary (adj)	/ˈmɜːsənri/	geldgierig, "geldgeil"	Isn't it rather <b>mercenary</b> to expect to be paid for driving them to the airport?
migrate (v)	/mar'greit/	auswandern, migrieren	Many women <b>have migrated</b> from the Philippines to Ireland to find work.
minimise (v) (opposite = maximise)	/'mɪnɪmaɪz/	minimieren (Gegenteil = maximieren)	We must <b>minimise</b> the damage to innocent civilians.
modest (adj)	/'mɒdəst/	bescheiden	There has been a <b>modest</b> increase in sales.  Peter is genuinely <b>modest</b> about his achievements.
narrow (v) (opposite = widen)  margins are narrowing	/ˈnærəʊ/	enger werden / machen, verengen, verkleinern (Gegenteil = weiter machen, ausweiten) die (Gewinn-)Margen werden kleiner	Our margins are narrowing because our overheads have increased.
net (adj) (opposite = gross)	/net/	netto (Gegenteil = brutto)	Net earnings per share amounted to £0.78.
non-governmental organisation (NGO) (n)	/nɒngʌvənˌmentəl ɔ:gənaɪ'zeɪʃən/ /enʤi:'əʊ/	Nicht-Regierungs- organisatioen, NGO	NGOs are organisations that are not owned by the government, but may work with government departments.
offset (v)	/pf'set/	ausgleichen, aufwiegen	Falling sales in Thailand were offset by strong performances in other markets.
oppose (v) (opposite = support)	/ə'pəuz/	ablehnen, Widerstand ausüben	There was a major campaign to <b>oppose</b> the building of a nuclear reactor.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 36 of 65

one stop english
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		(Gegenteil = unter- stützen)	
option (n)	/'ppʃən/	Option, Wahl- möglichkeit	If one partner dies, the others have the <b>option</b> to buy back their shares.
outsource (v)	/'autso:s/	Aufträge extern vergeben	We <b>outsource</b> most of our graphics work to freelance designers.
outweigh (v)	/aut'weɪ/	überwiegen, wettmachen	The possible benefits <b>outweigh</b> the risks involved.
overhaul (n)	/ˈəuvəhɔːl/	(General-)Überholung	That engine needs a complete <b>overhaul</b> .
overreact (v)	/¡əuvəri:ˈækt/	überreagieren, über- zogen reagieren	It's important not to <b>overreact</b> to a perceived threat.
overlook (v)	/əuvə'luk/	übersehen	Accidents happen when safety checks are overlooked.
oversight (n)	/ˈəʊvəsaɪt/	Versehen	Employees were paid late due to an <b>oversight</b> in the accounting department.
overwhelming (adj)	/ˌəʊvə'welmɪn/	überwältigend	An <b>overwhelming</b> majority voted against his proposal.
package (n)	/ˈpækɪʤ/	Paket	The <b>package</b> was designed to stabilise the economy in South Korea.
periodically (adv)	/pɪərɪˈɒdɪkli/	in regelmäßigen Abständen	She suffers <b>periodically</b> from back pain.
phase in/out (phr v)	/feɪz 'ɪn/'aut/	allmählich / langsam einführen	The new regulations can <b>be phased in</b> over a number of months.
			Over the following three years, the use of the drug will he

			phased out.
philanthropy (n)	/fi'læn\Or\pii/	(hier:) Wohltätigkeit, Großzügigkeit	The hospital will be able to build a new children's ward, thanks to the couple's <b>philanthropy</b> .
pin down (phr v)	/pm 'daun/	genau bestimmen, "festnageln"	Officials are trying to <b>pin down</b> the cause of widespread power cuts.
planning permission (n)	/ˈplænɪŋ pəˌmɪʃən/	Baugenehmigung	Will we need <b>planning permission</b> to build a new garage?
pollution (n)	/pə'lu:ʃən/	Verschmutzung	The new agency is responsible for controlling air <b>pollution</b> .
portfolio (n)	/pɔːt'fəulɪəu/	Portfolio, Geschäfts- bereich	Our <b>portfolio</b> includes several high-risk investments.
postpone (v)	/pəust'pəun/	verschieben	Bad weather forced us to <b>postpone</b> Friday's game.
precautionary (adj)	/prɪˈkɔːʃənri/	als Vorsichtsmaß- nahme	He was taken to hospital for a <b>precautionary</b> examination.
preliminary (adj)	/prɪ'lɪmɪnri/	vorläufig	The <b>preliminary</b> analysis found no suspicious substances present in the bloodstream.
preposterous (adj)	/prɪˈpɒstərəs/	absurd, widersinnig	The whole idea is <b>preposterous</b> . We won't have nearly enough time.
prescribed (adj)	/prɪˈskraɪbd/	vorgeschrieben, (hier:) zulässig	The level of toxic chemicals was within the <b>prescribed</b> limits.
pressure group (n)	/ˈpreʃə gru:p/	Interessengruppe, -verband, Lobby	Police were present at a demonstration by an anti-smoking pressure group against tobacco advertising.
proactive (adj)	/prəʊˈæktɪv/	vorausschauend handelnd, proaktiv	We need to be more <b>proactive</b> ; we can't just wait and see what happens.
proceedings (n pl)	/prəʊˈsiːdɪŋz/	Verfahren, Ablauf	Martin kicked off the <b>proceedings</b> with a stunning

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			performance of his new hit single.
prominent (adj)	/'prominent/	prominent, öffentlich bekannt	The order was given by a <b>prominent</b> member of the government.
promote (v)	/prə'məut/	(be-)fördern	The Government is committed to <b>promoting</b> the development and use of public transport.
prosperity (n)	/prɒs'perəti/	Wohlstand	The fifties and sixties were a time of <b>prosperity</b> for both families.
provision (n)	/prəˈvɪʒən/	Vorkehrung, Bereit- stellung	There is no <b>provision</b> for expanding classroom space.
pull out (phr v)	/pul 'aut/	sich zurückziehen	The firm <b>is pulling out</b> of the personal computer business.
purpose (n) for a common purpose	/'p3:pəs/ /fər ə ˌkɒmən 'p3:pəs/	Zweck für einen gemeinsamen Zweck, für ein gemeinsames Ziel	Social capital is a measure of the ability of people to work together <b>for a common purpose</b> in groups and organisations.
pursue (v)	/pə'sju:/	verfolgen, anstreben	He wants to <b>pursue</b> a career in medicine.
pursuit (n)	/pəˈsju:t/	Streben	Many novels take the <b>pursuit</b> of happiness as their theme.
quality circle (n)	/ˈkwɒləti ˌsɜːkəl/	Qualitätszirkel	The company has set up a <b>quality circle</b> to improve its marketing strategy.
ramification (n)	/ˌræmɪfɪˈkeɪʃən/	Auswirkung, Konsequenz	The decision to close the Stockholm office might have serious financial <b>ramifications</b> .
rampant (adj)	/ˈræmpənt/	weit verbreitet	Abuse of power among senior officials is said to be rampant.
random (adj)	/ˈrændəm/	willkürlich	The Olympic authorities carry out <b>random</b> drug testing of athletes.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 39 of 65

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rationalise (v)	/ˈræʃənəlaɪz/	rationalisieren, effizient machen	We need to <b>rationalise</b> work processes and cut costs.
recovery (n)	/rɪˈkʌvəri/	Erholung	There were still no real signs of an economic <b>recovery</b> .
recyclable (adj)	/ri:'saɪkləbəl/	wiederverwertbar	Are these juice cartons recyclable?
regeneration (n)	/ri:ʤdenəˈreɪʃən/	Sanierung, Erneuerung	Money from parking fines will be put towards the <b>regeneration</b> of the town centre.
regulation (n)	/regju:'leɪʃən/	Bestimmung, Vorgabe	Smoke detectors must be installed to comply with fire regulations.
relevance (n)	/'reləvəns/	(hier:) Bedeutung, Wichtigkeit	The course covers four areas of <b>relevance</b> to modern life.
renewable (adj)	/rɪ'nju:əbəl/	erneuerbar	The wood in our furniture all comes from <b>renewable</b> sources.
rescue plan (n)	/ˈreskju: plæn/	Rettungsplan	International banks have put together a <b>rescue plan</b> for the company.
retain (v)	/rɪ'teɪn/	erhalten	We're trying to recruit and <b>retain</b> skilled staff.
revenue (n)	/ˈrevənjuː/	Einnahme	The magazine had been losing advertising <b>revenue</b> for months.
sceptical (adj)	/'skeptɪkəl/	skeptisch, kritisch	I'm very <b>sceptical</b> about the results of the survey.
severance pay (n)	/ˈsevərəns peɪ/	Abfindung	Junior managers will receive 20% of their annual salary as severance pay.
shop floor (n)	/ʃɒp 'flɔ:/	Basis	We need to address the threat of industrial action from the <b>shop floor</b> .

smokestack industry (n)	/'sməukstæk <sub>ı</sub> ındəstri/	Schwerindustrie	A <b>smokestack industry</b> is involved in making things in factories using big machines and processes that produce a lot of pollution.
social (adj) social capital	/ˈsəʊʃəl/ /ˌsəʊʃəl ˈkæpɪtəl/	sozial Sozialkapital	Social capital is a measure of the ability of people to work together for a common purpose in groups and organisations.
social entrepreneurship	/¡səʊʃəl ˈɒntrəprənɜ:ʃɪp/	soziales Unternehmer- tum	Social entrepreneurship describes the use of entrepreneurial skills and approaches to address social problems.
social equity	/ˌsəʊʃəl 'ekwəti/	soziale Gleichheit	The triple bottom line is the simultaneous pursuit of economic prosperity, environmental quality and <b>social equity</b> .
source (v)	/sɔ:cə/	(hier:) beziehen	All our timber is sourced from sustainable forests.
stakeholder (n)	/'steɪkhəuldə/	Interessenvertreter	As well as the children, the school's <b>stakeholders</b> include staff, parents and the local community.
steer (v)	/'stiə/	steuern, lenken	He <b>steered</b> the country through a transitional period to the elections.
support (v) (opposite = oppose)	/sə'pɔ:t/	Unterstützung	The proposed reduction in taxes <b>is supported</b> by 73% of the people.
sustain (v)	/sə'steɪn/	aufrechterhalten, erhalten	Analysts believe present economic growth can <b>be</b> sustained without inflation.
sustainability (n)	/səˈsteɪnəˌbɪləti/	Nachhaltigkeit	<b>Sustainability</b> in the use of natural resources has been a priority in the EU for over a decade.

tackle (v)	/ˈtækəl/	anpacken, lösen	Successive governments have failed to <b>tackle</b> the question of homelessness.
tension (n) ethnic tension	/'tenʃən/ /ˌe⊖nɪk 'tenʃən/	Spannung Spannungen zwischen ethnischen Gruppen	Ethnic tension within the city has been building up for several years.
thrive (v)	/Oraiv/	gedeihen, blühen	Children <b>thrive</b> when given plenty of love and attention.
trafficking (n)	/'træfikin/	(illegaler) Handel	The two countries are working together to combat the <b>trafficking</b> of weapons across their borders.
transparency (n)	/træns'pærənsi/	Transparenz	Parents are demanding greater <b>transparency</b> in the selection process.
troubled (adj)	/'trʌbəld/	unruhig	An important area of corporate citizenship is investment in <b>troubled</b> areas of the world to provide jobs and security.
uncaring (adj) (opposite = caring)	/ʌnˈkeərɪn/	gleichgültig (Gegenteil = fürsorglich)	He had an unhappy childhood as the only child of uncaring parents.
underscore (v)	/¡ʌndəˈskɔː/	unterstreichen	The study <b>underscores</b> the importance of early diagnosis.
unethical (adj) (opposite = ethical)	/ʌnˈe\Thetaɪkəl/	unethisch, (hier:) unmoralisch (Gegenteil = moralisch)	The company has been accused of <b>unethical</b> business practices because it employs children in its factories.
unstable (adj) (opposite = stable)	/ʌnˈsteɪbəl/	instabil (Gegenteil = stabil)	In an increasingly <b>unstable</b> economy, there is widespread job uncertainty.
upturn (n) (opposite = downturn)	/'Apt3:n/	Aufwärtstrend, Anstieg (Gegenteil = Abwärts- trend, Rückgang)	Last month saw an unexpected <b>upturn</b> in property prices.
viable (adj)	/'vaɪəbəl/	existenzfähig, rentabel	Hospitals plan to stop services that are not financially viable.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 42 of 65

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volunteer (v)	/vɒlən'tɪə/	als ehrenamtliche/r Mitarbeiter/in tätig sein	Claire <b>volunteers</b> at the homeless shelter once a week.
wake-up call (n)	/'weikap ko:l/	Weckruf, Alarmzeichen	The low test scores should serve as a loud <b>wake-up call</b> to teachers.
widespread (adj)	/'waidspred/	weit verbreitet	The project has received <b>widespread</b> public support.
withdraw (v)	/wɪO'drɔ:/	(hier:) einstellen	The bus service in many rural areas has been withdrawn.
worthy (adj) (opposite = unworthy)	/ˈwɜːđi/	(moralisch) gut, wohl- tätig, würdig (Gegenteil = schlecht, unwürdig)	
worthy cause	/'wɜ:đi kɔ:z/	ein guter (wohltätiger) Zweck	The money will go to a worthy cause.

## Unit 4

headword	pronunciation	translation/notes	example sentence
accompaniment (n)	/əˈkʌmpənɪmənt/	Begleitung, (hier:) Beigabe	Serve the sauce as an <b>accompaniment</b> to roast meat.
anticipation (n)	/æntɪsɪˈpeɪʃən/	(hier:) Vorfreude, Erwartung	There was a buzz of <b>anticipation</b> in the lecture hall.
assured (adj) rest assured,	/ə'ʃuəd/ /rest ə'ʃuəd/	gewiss, versichert Seien Sie versichert	You can <b>rest assured</b> that the salesman won't bother you again.
attention (n)	/ə'tenʃən/	Aufmerksamkeit	

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attention span	/ə'ten∫ən spæn/	Aufmerksamkeitsspanne	Very young children have a limited attention span.
draw sb's attention to sth	/dro: ¡sʌmbədɪz ə'tenʃən tə ˌsʌmӨɪŋ/	jds. Aufmerksamkeit auf etw. lenken	I have been asked to draw your attention to the following matters.
hold sb's attention	/həuld ˌsʌmbədɪz ə'tenʃən/	jdn. fesseln	It's hard to <b>hold their attention</b> for more than 15 minutes.
authoritative (adj)	/ɔ:'\Oprətə,tīv/	maßgeblich, standard- setzend	The department has just published an <b>authoritative</b> report on drug use among teenagers.
awareness (n)	/ə'weənəs/	Bewusstsein	Increased environmental <b>awareness</b> has led to a greater demand for recycled paper.
background (n)	/'bækgraund/	Hintergrund	We need to know the <b>background</b> to the case.
boom (v)	/bu:m/	florieren, boomen	The housing market <b>is booming</b> .
bother (v)	/'bnđə/	sich die Mühe machen	We needn't have <b>bothered</b> to come into the office; there's nobody else here.
bounce back (phr v)	/bauns 'bæk/	(fig.) rasch wieder auf die Beine kommen	BT's shares fell dramatically, but <b>bounced back</b> before the end of the day.
brush up (phr v)	/braʃ 'ap/	aufpolieren	I took a class to <b>brush up</b> my German before the trip.
catchphrase (n)	/'kætʃfreɪz/	Schlagwort	Barack Obama's <b>catchphrase</b> during the election campaign was 'Yes, we can'.
chair (v)	/ˈtʃeə/	den Vorsitz haben / führen	She subsequently <b>chaired</b> the executive board of the UN Children's Fund.
champion (n)	/ˈʧæmpɪən/	(hier:) Streiter/in, Verfechter/in	For the last twenty years he has been a <b>champion</b> of the rights of developing nations.
charismatic (adj)	/kærız'mætık/	charismatisch	What the party needs is a more <b>charismatic</b> leader.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 44 of 65

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coincidence (n)	/kəʊ'ɪnsɪdəns/	Zufall	It is no <b>coincidence</b> that coastal communities have often been deeply religious.
communicative (adj) (opposite = uncommunicative)	/kə'mju:nıkətıv/	kommunikativ (Gegenteil = unkommunikativ)	We are looking for someone with excellent organisational and <b>communicative</b> skills.
considerable (adj)	/kən'sıdərəbəl/	beträchtlich	They have spent a <b>considerable</b> amount of money on the new sports centre.
context (n)	/'kɒntekst/	Kontext, Zusammenhang	In the <b>context</b> of Russian history, recent events are not so surprising.
contrary (n) quite the contrary	/'kɒntrəri/ /kwaɪt đə 'kɒntrəri/	Gegenteil ganz im Gegenteil	The risk of infection hasn't diminished – <b>quite the contrary</b> , it has increased.
convincingly (adv) (opposite = unconvincingly)	/kən'vınsıŋli/	überzeugend (Gegenteil = nicht über- zeugend)	He spoke very <b>convincingly</b> about his reasons for emigrating.
crucial (adj)	/ˈkru:ʃəl/	ausschlaggebend, zwingend erforderlich	It is <b>crucial</b> that all students develop these basic skills.
cumulatively (adv)	/ˈkjuːmjʊlətɪvli/	(hier:) in der Summe	None of his injuries are serious but <b>cumulatively</b> they are giving him a lot of pain.
debut (n)	/'deɪbju:/	Debut, erster Auftritt	Cooper made his <b>debut</b> at Covent Garden in 1989.
deepen (v)	/'di:pən/	vertiefen, (hier:) tiefer stellen	The man suddenly <b>deepened</b> his voice.
defenceless (adj)	/dɪ'fensləs/	wehrlos	It was an evil crime against a <b>defenceless</b> old man.
delivery (n)	/dɪ'lɪvəri/	(hier:) Vortrag, Präsentation	You need to work on your <b>delivery</b> . I could hardly hear you.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 45 of 65

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demo (n) (= demonstration)	/'deməu/	Demo(nstration)	After seeing the <b>demo</b> , we were convinced it was the right product for us.
dim (v)	/dɪm/	(hier:) verdunkeln	The theatre lights <b>dimmed</b> and the show began.
disappointing (adj) (opposite = promising)	/nitnicq'esib/	enttäuschend (Gegenteil = viel- versprechend	This year's sales figures were very <b>disappointing</b> .
disastrous (adj)	/dɪ'zɑ:strəs/	katastrophal	The consequences of spending cuts would be <b>disastrous</b> for local schools.
distract (v)	/dɪ'strækt/	ablenken	She was distracted by the sound of running water.
ditch (v)	/dɪʧ/	fallen lassen, "abser- vieren", sich einer Sache entledigen	The series was ditched after the star of the show quit.
double (v)	/'dʌbəl/	verdoppeln	The number of people without work <b>has doubled</b> in the last five years.
dramatic (adj) for dramatic effect	/drə'mætık/ /fə drə'mætık ıˌfekt/	dramatisch aus dramaturgischen Gründen	The lights went out at the end of his presentation for dramatic effect.
dramatically (adv)	/drəˈmætɪkli/	dramatisch	BT's shares fell <b>dramatically</b> , but bounced back before the end of the day.
dry up (phr v)	/draɪ 'ʌp/	versiegen	What will happen to the project when the money <b>dries up?</b>
effectively (adv)	/ı'fektıvli/	wirkungsvoll, effektiv	I learned several skills at the seminar which have helped me communicate more <b>effectively</b> .
emphasis (n)	/'emfəsis/	Nachdruck	'I will not!' she said with <b>emphasis</b> .
encouraging (adj) (opposite = discouraging)	/ın'kʌrəʤɪn/	ermutigend (Gegenteil – entmuti-	The news from the doctors is very <b>encouraging</b> .

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		gend)	
enthusiasm (n)	/ɪn'\Ou:zı\epsilonzi\	Begeisterung	His <b>enthusiasm</b> for music has stayed strong throughout his 23 years in radio.
expertise (n)	/ekspə'ti:z/	Sachkenntnis, Expertise	The company is keen to develop its own <b>expertise</b> in the area of computer programming.
fade (v)	/feɪd/	nachlassen, allmählich verschwinden	Marie's smile slowly <b>faded</b> .
fake (v) fake it	/feɪk/ /'feɪk ɪt/	(vor-)täuschen etw. vortäuschen, so tun als ob	I'm not asking you to <b>fake it</b> , just exaggerate how ill you're feeling.
feedback (n)	/ˈfi:dbæk/	Resonanz, Rück- kopplung, Feedback	Marks and comments on assignments provide <b>feedback</b> to students.
fierce (adj)	/ˈfiəs/	heftig, erbittert	We face <b>fierce</b> competition from overseas competitors.
flip chart (n)	/'flip tfa:t/	Flipchart	Gather some initial ideas from your audience and write them on the <b>flip chart</b> .
fluent (adj) (opposite = hesitant)	/ˈflu:ənt/	(hier:) sprachgewandt (Gegenteil = stockend, zögerlich)	As a lecturer, she is <b>fluent</b> , witty, but also scholarly.
-fold (suffix)	/fəʊld/	-mal	Attendance has increased <b>sixfold</b> since we moved the class to the evening.
force (v)	/fo:s/	sich abringen, abzwingen	Although she was very angry, she managed to <b>force</b> a smile.
frankly (adv) quite frankly,	/'fræŋkli/ /kwart 'fræŋkli/	aufrichtig, offen, ehrlich offen / ehrlich gesagt	The chocolate mousse was, quite frankly, inedible.
frighten (v) frighten the life out of sb	/'fraitən/	Furcht einflößen, erschrecken	The older airls <b>friahtened the life out of us</b> with tales of

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	/ˈfraɪtən đə laɪf aut əv ˌsʌmbədi/	jdn. in Angst und Schrecken versetzen	what would happen to us.
halve (v)	/ha:v/	halbieren	The number of people contracting the disease <b>has halved</b> .
handle (v)	/ˈhændəl/	bewältigen, managen	We felt that the dispute was badly handled.
handout (n)	/'hændaut/	Informationsmaterial, Info-/Arbeitsblatt	There are some useful websites on the <b>handout</b> .
heighten (v) (opposite = lower)	/'haɪtən/	erhöhen (Gegenteil = senken)	An educational effort to <b>heighten</b> awareness about global warming is currently underway.
hesitant (adj) (opposite = fluent)	/'hezɪtənt/	zögerlich, stockend (Gegenteil = flüssig)	Will's apology sounded rather <b>hesitant</b> .
high (n) (opposite = low) reach an all-time high	/haɪ/ /riːtʃ ən ˌɔːltaɪm 'haɪ/	hoch (Gegenteil = niedrig) ein Allzeithoch erreichen	Match attendance <b>reached an all-time high</b> last Saturday.
ice (n) break the ice	/aɪs/ /breɪk đə 'aɪs/	Eis das Eis brechen	He told a few jokes to break the ice.
illegible (adj) (opposite = legible)	/ı'ledʒıbəl/	unleserlich, unentziffer- bar (Gegenteil = leserlich)	Clare's handwriting is completely <b>illegible</b> !
implication (n)	/ɪmplɪˈkeɪʃən/	Auswirkung(en)	The economic <b>implications</b> for the steel industry will be far-reaching.
inflict sth on sb/sth (phr v)	/ɪnˈflɪkt sʌmӨɪŋ ɒn ˌsʌmbədi/ˌsʌmӨɪŋ /	jdm. etw. auferlegen, jdm. etw. zufügen	Speed limits are in place because of the damage being inflicted on Venice's ancient buildings.
<pre>inspiring (adj)   (opposite = uninspiring)</pre>	/ɪn'spaɪərɪŋ/	anregend, inspirierend, erbaulich (Gegenteil = wenig	The film is based on an <b>inspiring</b> story of love and determination.

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		inspirierend, geisttötend)	
insult (v)	/ɪn'sʌlt/	beleidigen	You'll <b>insult</b> the chef if you don't at least taste the meal.
intonation (n)	/ɪntəˈneɪʃən/	Intonation, Tonfall	Use the <b>intonation</b> of your voice to hold the audience's attention.
keyword (n)	/'ki:w3:d/	Schlüsselword	The office was extremely tidy; <b>efficiency</b> was the keyword.
legend (n)	/'leʤənd/	Legende	Guests included the Hollywood <b>legend</b> , Elizabeth Taylor.
link-up (n)	/ˈlɪŋkʌp/	Verbindung	The concert was broadcast via a satellite link-up.
literal (adj) (opposite = metaphorical)	/'lɪtərəl/	buchstäblich (Gegenteil = bildlich, im übertragenen Sinn)	He is clearly not using the word 'dead' in its <b>literal</b> sense.
literally (adv) (opposite = metaphorically)	/ˈlɪtərəli/	buchstäblich (Gegenteil = bildlich, im übertragenen Sinn)	Now there are <b>literally</b> thousands of companies using our software.
live (adv) go live	/laɪv/ /gəʊ 'laɪv/	live live gehen / geschaltet werden	The interactive digital TV shopping service is due to <b>go live</b> in September.
lost (adj) all is not lost	/lɒst/ /ˌɔ:l ɪz nɒt 'lɒst /	verloren noch ist nicht alles verloren	All is not lost, we may still get to the airport in time.
massive (adj) (opposite = tiny)	/'mæsɪv/	(hier:) gewaltig, kolossal (Gegenteil = winzig klein)	The new arts centre cost a <b>massive</b> amount of money.
measurably (adv) (opposite = immeasurably)	/ˈmeʒərəbli/	messbar (Gegenteil = nicht mess- bar)	The river has <b>measurably</b> altered course.

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memorable (adj) (opposite = forgettable)	/ˈmemərəbəl/	(hier:) unvergesslich, denkwürdig (Gegenteil = getrost vergessbar)	The romantic evening cruise will be a <b>memorable</b> experience.
metaphorical (adj) (opposite = literal)	/metə'fɒrɪkəl/	bildlich, im übertragenen Sinn (Gegenteil = buchstäblich	Everyone breathed a <b>metaphorical</b> sigh of relief.
miserable (adj)	/ˈmɪzərəbəl/	jämmerlich, erbärmlich	All I had left was a <b>miserable</b> 50 pence.
modernise (v)	/ˈmɒdənaɪz/	modernisieren	They will continue to <b>modernise</b> the army.
modest (adj)	/ˈmɒdəst/	bescheiden	His income was <b>modest</b> compared with that of other chief executives.
monotonous (adj)	/mə'nɒtənəs/	eintönig, monoton	He's a good history teacher but he has a very monotonous voice.
motivation (n)	/məuti'veiʃən/	Motivation	These methods can help to increase students' <b>motivation</b> and interest.
myth (n)	/mɪΘ/	Mythos, Mär	He has helped to dispel the <b>myth</b> that men do not care about their appearance.
net (adj) (opposite = gross)	/net/	netto (Gegenteil = brutto)	Net earnings per share amounted to £0.78.
numbing (adj) numbing effect	/ˈnʌmɪŋ/ /ˈnʌmɪŋ ɪˌfekt/	betäubend betäubende Wirkung	I couldn't think clearly because of the <b>numbing effect</b> of the cold.
orator (n)	/ˈɒrətə/	Redner/in	With this speech Charles de Gaulle joined the ranks of famous modern <b>orators</b> .
overhead (n)	/'əuvəhed/	(hier:) (Overhead-)Folie	You can see from this <b>overhead</b> that sales figures peaked in October.

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override (v)	/əuvəˈraɪd/	Vorrang vor etw. haben, etw. anderes außer Kraft setzen	Passenger safety <b>overrides</b> all of our other concerns.
paradoxically (adv)	/pærə'dɒksɪkli/	paradoxerweise, selt- samerweise	<b>Paradoxically</b> , it is their differences that bring them closer to each other.
peak (v)	/pi:k/	einen Höhepunkt erreichen, gipfeln	Interest rates <b>peaked</b> at 19%.
perspective (n) put sth into (some kind of) perspective	/pə'spektiv/ /put ˌsʌmӨiŋ intə sʌm kaind əv pə'spektiv/	Perspektive, Sichtweise (hier:) etw. in den Kontext stellen, etw. ins rechte Licht rücken	Before leaping to conclusions, we need to <b>put this</b> incident into some kind of perspective.
persuasion (n)	/pəˈsweɪʒən/	Überredung, Überzeugen, (hier:) gutes Zureden	We achieve much more by <b>persuasion</b> than by brute force.
persuasive (n)	/pə'sweisiv/	überzeugend	He can be very <b>persuasive</b> , so we ended up agreeing to help them move house.
phenomenal (adj)	/fə'nɒmənəl/	gewaltig, phänomenal	The soundtrack played a part in the <b>phenomenal</b> success of the film.
pitch (v)	/prtʃ/	(hier:) sich einem Wett- bewerb oder eine Aus- schreibung beteiligen	I've been busy all week because we're <b>pitching</b> for the Thomson account next week.
plateau (v)	/'plætəu/	sich auf einem bestimmten Niveau einpendeln, stagnieren	Mobile phone sales have <b>plateau'd</b> recently.
platform speaker (n)	/ˈplætfɔ:m ˌspi:kə/	(hier:) Hauptredner/in, -vortragende/r	This morning's <b>platform speaker</b> used to be my boss.
plunge (v)	/plʌnʤ/	steil abfallen, abstürzen	The temperature is expected to <b>plunge</b> below zero

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			degrees overnight.
point out (phr v)	/pɔɪnt 'aut/	auf etw. hinweisen, etw. hervorheben	He <b>pointed out</b> that we had two hours of free time before dinner.
presence (n)	/'prezəns/	(hier:) Ausstrahlung	Our sales director has a commanding <b>presence</b> .
process (v)	/'prəuses/	verarbeiten	This part of the brain is used to <b>process</b> images.
project (v)	/pro <sub>1</sub> dzekt/	(hier:) laut und deutlich sprechen	Actors have to learn to <b>project</b> their voices.
<pre>promising (adj)   (opposite = disappointing)</pre>	/ˈprɒmɪsɪn/	vielversprechend (Gegenteil = enttäuschend)	Portugal got off to a <b>promising</b> start with a goal in the 13th minute.
quadruple (v)	/kwɒd'ru:pəl/	vervierfachen	The number of passengers using this station has <b>quadrupled</b> in the last two years.
rally (v)	/ˈræli/	(hier:) sich wieder fangen, sich sammeln	World financial markets <b>rallied</b> after the announcement.
readily (adv)	/ˈredəli/	bereitwillig, gerne	She had <b>readily</b> agreed to the interview, but now she was having second thoughts.
reinforce (v)	/ri:ɪn'fɔ:s/	verstärken, bekräftigt	The message that you should not drink and drive needs to <b>be</b> constantly <b>reinforced</b> .
relate to sb (phr v)	/rı'leɪt tə ˌsʌmbədi/	eine (zwischenmensch- liche) Beziehung zu jdm. haben	Martin had always found it easier to <b>relate</b> to women.
rhetoric (n)	/'retərɪk/	Redekunst, Rhetorik	Often we do not realise that advertising uses <b>rhetoric</b> to persuade us to buy something.
road (n) be on the road	/rəud/ /bi: pn đə 'rəud/	Straße unterwegs (auf der Straße) sein	The band was on the road for seven months last year.

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 52 of 65 one stop english

rock bottom (n) hit rock bottom	/rɒk 'bɒtəm/ /hɪt rɒk 'bɒtəm/	Tiefpunkt ins Bodenlose fallen, einen Tiefpunkt erreichen	Confidence in the company has hit rock bottom.
role (n) take on a role	/rəul/ /teɪk ɒn ə 'rəul/	Rolle, Aufgabe, Funktion eine Aufgabe übernehmen	The banks <b>have taken on a</b> new <b>role</b> as providers of financial services.
self-disciplined (adj)	/self'disiplind/	(selbst-)diszipliniert	If you work from home you need to be very <b>self-disciplined.</b>
shoot up (phr v)	/ʃu:t 'ʌp/	in die Höhe schießen	Petrol prices have shot up in the last six months.
shut out (phr v)	/ʃʌt 'aut/	ausschließen, (hier:) verbannen	I tried to <b>shut</b> the incident <b>out</b> of my mind.
significant (adj) (opposite = insignificant)	/sɪg'nɪfikənt/	erheblich, wesentlich (Gegenteil = unerheb- lich, unwesentlich)	I think we can save a <b>significant</b> amount of time.
simulation (n)	/sɪmju:'leɪʃən/	Simulation	We watched a computer <b>simulation</b> of the explosion.
skyrocket (v)	/'skaırɒkət/	emporschießen, in die Höhe schnellen	The number of calls we got <b>skyrocketed</b> .
slump (v)	/slʌmp/	(stark) fallen, zurückgehen	Profits <b>slumped</b> to under \$250 million.
spectacular (adj)	/spek'tækjələ/	aufsehenerregend, spektakulär	The show was a <b>spectacular</b> success.
spotlight (n) bring sth into the spotlight	/'spotlait/ /brin samOin intə đə 'spotlait/	Rampenlicht, Schein- werfer jdn. ins Rampenlicht stellen	Congress is bringing the private lives of its members into the spotlight.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 53 of 65

one stop english
.com

stationary (adj)	/'steɪʃənri/	(an einem bestimmten Punkt) ruhend, unver- ändert bleiben	The storm system remained almost <b>stationary</b> just south of the coast.
step (n) take sth one step further	/step/ /teik samtin wan step 'f3:đə/	Schritt etw. einen Schritt voran- bringen	We need to take this traffic experiment one step further by running it on a school day.
storm (n) take sth by storm	/stə:m/ /teik ˌsʌmӨiŋ bai 'stə:m/	Sturm im Sturm nehmen / erobern	Jazz took London and Paris by storm in the 1920s.
swear (v)	/'sweə/	schwören	I could have sworn I'd paid that bill.
take (v) be there for the taking	/teɪk/ /bi: ˌđeə fə đə 'teɪkɪŋ/	nehmen gratis / umsonst auf Abruf sein	These grants <b>are there for the taking</b> ; all you have to do is fill in an application form.
talk sb through sth (phr v)	/ˈtɔːk sʌmbədi Əru: ˌsʌmƏɪŋ/	jdm. bei etw. gut zureden	He <b>talked me through the whole process</b> of sending email.
televisual (adj)	/telɪ'vɪʒuəl/	Fernseh-, TV-	He illustrated his talk using various <b>televisual</b> aids.
translate (v)	/træns'leɪt/	übersetzen, (hier:) rüberkommen	Poetry doesn't always <b>translate</b> well.
triple (v)	/'trɪpəl/	verdreifachen	He helped <b>triple</b> the value of the company.
turnaround (n)	/ˈtɜːnəraʊnd/	Wende	In an impressive financial <b>turnaround</b> , the company increased its share value by 20%.
unappreciative (adj) (opposite = appreciative)	/ʌnəˈpri:ʃətɪv/	undankbar, etw. nicht zu schätzen wissend (Gegenteil = dankbar, zu schätzen wissend)	I thought she was rather <b>unappreciative</b> of the present we gave her.

In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 54 of 65

one stop english
.com

unimpressive (adj) (opposite = impressive)	/Anim'presiv/	wenig beeindruckend (Gegenteil = beein- druckend)	Andersen gave an <b>unimpressive</b> performance as Claudio.
visual (adj) visual aid	/'vɪʒuəl/ /ˌvɪʒuəl 'eɪd/	visuell visuelle Hilfsmedien	Use <b>visual aids</b> like maps and photographs to make your lessons more interesting.
visual impact	/ˌvɪʒuəl 'ɪmpækt/	visuelle Wirkung	The brightly-coloured costumes gave the dancers stunning visual impact.
visual (n)	/'vɪʒʊəl/	visuelle Medien, Bilder	Try using <b>visuals</b> to hold the attention of your audience.
vocal (adj) vocal range	/'vəukəl/ /'vəukəl reınʤ/	stimmlich Stimmumfang	My singing teacher has taught me exercises to improve my vocal range.
volunteer (n)	/vplən'tɪə/	Freiwillige/r	Doctors need 50 healthy <b>volunteers</b> for the diet.
wave (n)	/weiv/	Welle	A fresh wave of selling sent technology stocks even lower.
whisper (v)	/'wispə/	flüstern	'Over here!' she <b>whispered</b> urgently.
wow (v)	/wau/	jdn. hinreißen / umhauen	He <b>wowed</b> audiences and other musicians with his brilliant trumpet playing.

## Unit 5

headword

<b>24/7</b> (adv)	/twentɪfɔ:'sevən/	rund um die Uhr, 24- Stunden	He thinks about her <b>24/7</b> .
abrupt (adj)	/ə'brʌpt/	(hier:) garstig, schroff, brüsk	The sales clerks were <b>abrupt</b> and impatient with the customers.
annoyance (n) much to sb's annoyance	/ə'nɔɪəns/ /mʌtʃ tə ˌsʌmbədɪz ə'nɔɪəns/	Ärgernis, Verärgerung sehr zu jds. Ärger	<b>Much to Lisa's annoyance</b> , she found that the others had gone without her.
assertive (adj) (opposite = unassertive)	/əˈsɜːtɪv/	durchsetzungsfähig (Gegenteil = unsicher, zögerlich)	You need to be more <b>assertive</b> to succeed in business.
assertiveness (n) (opposite = unassertiveness)	/əˈsɜːtɪvnəs/	Durchsetzungsfähigkeit (Gegenteil = Unsicherheit, Zögerlichkeit)	The course really helped to boost my assertiveness.
be on to sb (phr v)	/bi: 'ɒn tə ˌsʌmbədi/	hinter jdm. her sein, auch: jdn. auf dem Kieker haben	Jo's teacher has been on to me about her results.
bill (v)	/bɪl/	in Rechnung stellen	We were billed for three nights at the hotel when we were only there for two.
break up (phr v)	/breik 'Ap/	(hier:) Verbindung unterbrechen	I can't hear you, <b>you're breaking up</b> .
brief (v)	/bri:f/	auf den (aktuellen) Stand bringen unterrichten	Members of the committee <b>were briefed</b> on the plan last week.

translation/notes

example sentence

pronunciation

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Units 1-5, Page 56 of 65 one stop english

		informieren, einweisen	
<b>business</b> (n) get down to business	/'biznəs/ /get daun tə 'biznəs/	Geschäft zur Sache kommen, loslegen	I have a plane to catch, so let's <b>get down to business.</b>
calm sb down (phr v)	/ˈkɑːm ˌsʌmbədi daʊn/	jdn. beruhigen	She managed to <b>calm him down</b> .
carrier (n)	/ˈkærɪə/	Spediteur	They've kept some of their furniture and sent it to Australia by international <b>carrier</b> .
chat (n) cut the chat	/'tfæt/ /kʌt đə 'tfæt/	plaudern, sich unterhalten Schluss mit der Plauderei	Cut the chat, you two, and get on with some work!
chatterbox (n)	/'tʃætəbɒks/	Quasselstrippe, Plappermaul	She's a real <b>chatterbox</b> on the phone. Once she gets started you can't stop her!
chit-chat (n)	/tʃɪt'tʃæt/	Geplauder, Smalltalk	After five minutes of general <b>chit-chat</b> , the meeting got under way.
clear (adj) make yourself clear	/'klıə/ /meɪk jəself 'klıə/	klar drücken Sie sich klar aus	'I want that report finished today.' Do I make myself clear?
come down with sth (phr v)	/kʌm ˈdaʊn wɪƏ ˌsʌmƏɪŋ/	an etw. erkranken, sich etw. zugezogen haben	I feel like I'm coming down with flu.
come out (phr v)	/kʌm 'aut/	etw. werden	None of my holiday photos came out.
completion (n) on completion of sth	/kəm'pli:ʃən/ /ɒn kəm'pli:ʃən əv ˌsʌmӨm/	Beendigung, Abschluss bei Abschluss einer Sache	Each student is given a certificate on successful completion of the course.
consequently (adv)	/ˈkɒnsɪkwentli/	folglich, in der Folge	They've increased the number of staff and consequently the service is better.

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 57 of 65



course of action (n)	/kɔːs əv ˈækʃən/	Handlungsoptionen, Vorgehensweisen	We have three possible courses of action.
courtesy (n)	/ˈkɜːtəsi/	Höflichkeit	It's only common <b>courtesy</b> to thank someone when they help.
credit (n) take the credit for sth	/'kredit/ /teik đə 'kredit fə ˌsʌmӨin/	Kredit, (hier:) Aner- kennung für etw. die Anerkennung bekommen	He always takes the credit for my ideas.
damage (v)	/ˈdæmɪʤ/	beschädigen, Schaden zufügen	Many buildings and cars <b>had been damaged</b> in the blast.
day (n) not have all day	/dei/ /npt hæv ɔ:l 'dei/	Tag nicht den ganzen Tag Zeit haben	Will you hurry up? I haven't got all day!
deadly (adj)	/'dedli/	tödlich	This is a potentially <b>deadly</b> disease.
death squad (n)	/'de\text{\text{\$\text{d}}} skw\text{\text{\$\text{\$w}}}\text{\$\text{\$d}\$}	Todeskommando, Er- schießungskommando	I've got to face the <b>death squad</b> tomorrow! The directors want me to explain why we missed the deadline.
debit (v) (opposite = credit)	/'debɪt/	gutschreiben (Gegenteil = abbuchen)	Five hundred euros <b>were debited</b> from your account on 20 September.
defective (adj)	/dɪˈfektɪv/	fehler-, schad-, mangelhaft	The brakes are <b>defective</b> , so there will be a delay while the company sends out another bus.
definitive (adj)	/dɪˈfɪnɪtɪv/	ultimativ	This little book is the <b>definitive</b> travel guide to Moscow.
diplomatic (adj)	/dɪplə'mætɪk/	diplomatisch	Try to be <b>diplomatic</b> when he asks you what went wrong.
direct (adj) (opposite = subtle)	/dar'rekt/	direkt (Gegenteil = subtil, hintergründig)	She's refused to answer <b>direct</b> questions about her plans for the company.

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Units 1-5, Page 58 of 65 one stop english

disgrace (n)	/dis'greis/	Schande, Gemeinheit	The way he treats his dogs is an utter <b>disgrace</b> .
do (v)	/du:/	tun, machen	You seem to be under a lot of stress. Is there anything I can <b>do</b> for you?
double (v)	/ˈledʌb/	verdoppeln	The number of people without work <b>has doubled</b> in the last five years.
drastic (adj)	/'dræstik/	einschneidend, drastisch	The company will be taking <b>drastic</b> measures to reduce its debt.
drop in (phr v)	/drop 'ın/	vorbeischauen	Why don't you <b>drop in</b> for coffee some time?
empathise (v)	/'empəOaiz/	mitfühlen	She <b>empathises</b> with Kim because of her own experiences as a mother.
exhibitor (n)	/eg'zɪbɪtə/	Aussteller	Most of the <b>exhibitors</b> will arrive early to set up.
feeling (n) cause bad feeling	/ˈfiːlɪn/ /kɔːz bæd ˈfiːlɪn/	(hier:) Atmosphäre ein ungutes Gefühl verursachen	The last thing we want is to <b>cause</b> any <b>bad feeling</b> between the players.
findings (n pl)	/ˈfaɪndɪŋz/	Ergebnisse, Befung	The government seems to have ignored the <b>findings</b> of its own report.
flame (n)	/fleɪm/	Flame (beleidigende E- Mail)	A flame is an angry or insulting email.
flat out (adv) work flat out	/flæt 'aut/ /wɜːk flæt 'aut/	völlig, vollkommen auf Hochtouren arbeiten, vollauf beschäftigt sein mit etw.	He worked flat out from morning until night.
fly (v) how time flies!	/flaɪ/ /haʊ taɪm 'flaɪz/	fliegen, vorbeieilen wie die Zeit vergeht!	How time flies! Last time I saw you you were pregnant and now both your children are at school!
foot (n)	/fut/	Fuß	

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be rushed off your feet	/bi: rʌʃt ɒf jə 'fi:t/	jd. auf Trab halten	We'll be rushed off our feet around lunchtime.
forbid (v)	/fə'bɪd/	verbieten, verwehren	Hannah is a natural musician, although modesty <b>forbids</b> her to say so.
forcefully (adv) (opposite = weakly)	/ˈfɔ:sfəli/	kraftvoll, energisch (Gegenteil = schwach)	He argued <b>forcefully</b> in favour of the merger.
foul (v) foul things up	/faul/ /faul Θιηz 'ʌp/	etw. "versauen", verderben	The train strike has really <b>fouled things up</b> .
frankly (adv)	/ˈfrænkli/	ehrlich / offen (gesagt)	Frankly, I couldn't care less what he thinks.
frustrating (adj)	/frʌˈstreɪʃən/	frustrierend, entmutigend	It's <b>frustrating</b> to wait all day for a repairman who doesn't show up.
get on (phr v)	/get 'pn/	weitermachen	Can we please <b>get on</b> , because there are a lot of things still to discuss.
get onto sth (phr v)	/get 'ontə ¡samӨin/	auf etw. kommen	Don't worry about the report. I'll <b>get onto</b> that straight away.
get rid of sb (phr v)	/get 'rıd əv ˌsʌmbədi/	jdn. loswerden	I'm sure he knew we were trying to get rid of him!
get together (phr v)	/get təˈgeðə/	zusammenkommen	The whole family usually <b>gets together</b> at Christmas.
guess (n)	/ges/	Rateversuch (dreimal darfst du raten)	I'll give you three <b>guesses</b> who I saw this morning.
happen (v)	/ˈhæpən/	geschehen, passieren (happen to have = zufällig etw. haben)	Do you <b>happen</b> to have a pen I can borrow?
hold sb up (phr v)	/ˈhəʊld ˌsʌmbədi ʌp/	jdn. aufhalten	She got held up at work.
incurable (adj)	/ɪnˈkjɔːrəbəl/	unheilbar, unver-	Don't tell Emma. She's an <b>incurable</b> gossip.

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Units 1-5, Page 60 of 65



(opposite = curable)		besserlich (Gegenteil = heilbar)	
insistent (adj)	/m'sistənt/	beharrlich, hartnäckig	John was <b>insistent</b> that we shouldn't tell anyone else about our plans.
keep (v)	/ki:p/	(auf-)halten	I won't <b>keep</b> you long.
latest (n) hear the latest	/'leɪtəst/ /ˌhɪə đə 'leɪtəst/	aktuellste, neuste das Neuste hören	Have you heard the latest? He's getting a divorce.
let sb down (phr v)	/'let ˌsʌmbədi daʊn/	jdn. im Stich lassen	She's a great player, and never lets her team down.
likewise (adv)	/'laɪkwaɪz/	gleichfalls, ebenso	'Have a good weekend.' 'Likewise.'
look into (phr v)	/luk 'mtu/	sich etw. anschauen, etw. (über-)prüfen	I complained about the mistake, and the airline promised to <b>look into it</b> .
mind (v)	/maind/	aufpassen, kümmern, (hier:) etw. ausmachen	Do you <b>mind</b> if we use my car tonight?  Would you <b>mind</b> if Rachel came too?
murder (n) be murder	/'m3:də/ /bi: 'm3:də/	Mord (hier:) der Wahnsinn sein	The traffic out there <b>is murder</b> .
neck (n) be up to your neck in it	/nek/ /bi: Ap tə jə 'nek ın ıt/	Hals bis zum Hals in etw. stecken	I'm up to my neck in it at the moment, but I'll deal with booking the car in as soon as I can.
overhear (v)	/əuvə'hıə/	etw. zufällig hören	I <b>overheard</b> him saying he was thinking of leaving his job.
owe (v) owe sb one	/əʊ/ /ˈəʊ ˌsʌmbədi wʌn/	schulden jdm. etw. schulden	Thanks for taking that job off my hands, Bill. I owe you one.

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In Company 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Upper-Intermediate
Units 1-5, Page 61 of 65 one stop english

pathetic (adj)	/pə'\text{\text{Petik/}}	kläglich, jämmerlich, nutzlos	He made a <b>pathetic</b> attempt to explain his failure.
piece (n) in one piece	/pi:s/ /m wan 'pi:s/	Stück unversehrt / "ganz" sein	As far as I know, Barbara is still <b>in one piece</b> .
point (n) get to the point	/point/ /get to đo 'point/	Punkt, Spitze zum Thema kommen	We haven't got all day, so please get to the point.
preoccupied (adj)	/pri:'ɒkju:paɪd/	stark beschäftigt	While the government was <b>preoccupied</b> with the troubles on the border, rebel leaders stepped up their operations.
probationary (adj)	/prəu'beıʃənri/	Probe-, auf Probe	After a six month <b>probationary</b> period, your position with the company will be reviewed.
promise (v)	/'promis/	versprechen	I'll see if I can get you a ticket for the concert but I can't <b>promise</b> anything.
promotion (n)	/prəˈməʊʃən/	Beförderung	The gifts can be paid for out of the budget for advertising and <b>promotions</b> .
promotional (adj)	/prə'məuʃənəl/	Werbefilm	A <b>promotional</b> film about the airline was being shown in the departure lounge.
rave review (n)	/reɪv rɪ'vju:/	begeistert, enthusiastisch	Jackson's latest film has had rave reviews.
reassure (v)	/ri:ə'ʃʊə/	sich versichern / beruhigen	She checked the bolts to <b>reassure</b> herself that the door was locked.
relationship (n) maintain a relationship	/rɪ'leɪʃənʃɪp/ /meɪnˌteɪn ə rɪ'leɪʃənʃɪp/	Beziehung eine Beziehung aufrechterhalten	Every few months we make a courtesy call just to maintain a relationship with our customers.
reprint (n)	/ˈri:prɪnt/	Nachdruck	The book was published in 2008 and there have been three <b>reprints</b> .

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retrieve (v)	/rɪ'triːv/	(hier:) retten, bergen	The family <b>retrieved</b> only a few personal items from the burning home.
ring off (phr v)	/rɪn 'vf/	(den Hörer) auflegen	He rang off before she had a chance to reply.
rumour (n)	/ˈruːmə/	Gerücht	There's a <b>rumour</b> going about that some people are going to lose their jobs.
run out (phr v)	/rʌn 'aut/	zu Ende gehen	Supplies of uranium will have <b>run out</b> by the end of the decade.
see (v)	/si:/	sehen, schauen	I'll see what I can do about finding you a flight.
settle in to sth (phr v)	/ˈsetəl ɪn tə ˌsʌməɪn/	sich in etw. einfügen	She seems to have <b>settled in</b> quickly to her new role.
short-staffed (adj) (opposite = overstaffed)	/ʃɔ:t'sta:ft/	unterbesetzt (Gegenteil = überbesetzt)	We're quite <b>short-staffed</b> at the moment because of the snowy weather.
slip (v) slip sb's mind	/slɪp/ /slɪp ˌsʌmbədɪz 'maɪnd/	schlüpfen, rutschen entfallen, etw. vergessen	How could she have let something so important slip her mind?
small talk (n)	/ˈsmɔːl tɔːk/	Smalltalk, Plauderei	We made <b>small talk</b> until everyone had arrived for the meeting.
snow (v) be snowed under	/snəʊ/ /bi: ˌsnəʊd 'ʌndə/	schneien "eingeschneit sein", (hier:) überhäuft sein mit etw., "absaufen"	We're snowed under with applications for the job.
soften (v)	/'spfən/	mildern, abschwächen	She seems to have <b>softened</b> her attitude to him.
sort sth out (phr v)	/'sɔ:t ˌsʌməɪŋ aut/	etw. regeln, etw. klären	Just have a seat for a moment while I try to <b>sort something out</b> for you.
sound (n) by the sound of sth	/saund/	Klang, Geräusch dem Anschein nach	Rv the sound of things thev'll probably have to move

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	/bai đə		before next year.
strategy (n)	'saund əvˌsʌmΘιη/   /'strætəʤi/	Strategie, Vorgehens- weise	Her <b>strategy</b> of ignoring him seems to be working.
stylish (adj)	/ˈstaɪlɪʃ/	stilvoll, elegant, modisch	They specialise in sturdy yet <b>stylish</b> garden furniture.
subtle (adj) (opposite = direct)	/'sʌtəl/	hintergründig, subtil (Gegenteil = direkt)	He was being so <b>subtle</b> , I didn't realize he liked me.
suppose (v)	/sə'pəuz/	vermuten, annehmen, mutmaßen	I don't <b>suppose</b> you could lend me your phone?
tactful (adj) (opposite = tactless)	/ˈtæktfəl/	taktvoll, diskret (Gegenteil = indiskret, taktlos)	It would have been more <b>tactful</b> to have left them alone.
tactfully (adv) (opposite = tactlessly)	/ˈtæktfəli/	taktvoll, diskret (Gegenteil = indiskret, taktlos)	She tried to find out <b>tactfully</b> whether he'd been fired.
telephony (n)	/tə'lefəni/	Telefonie	The <b>telephony</b> sector is very competitive.
temptation (n) resist the temptation to	/temp'teɪʃən/ /rəˌzɪst đə temp'teɪʃən tə/	Versuchung einer Versuchung widerstehen	She couldn't <b>resist the temptation to</b> open the letter.
touch (n) get in touch	/tatf/ /get in 'tatf/	Berührung Kontakt aufnehmen, sich melden	I must <b>get in touch</b> with the bank and arrange an overdraft.
transit (n) in transit	/'trænzɪt/ /ɪn 'trænzɪt/	Transport auf dem Transportweg	Our suitcases were damaged in transit.

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trial period (n)	/'traɪəl ˌpɪərɪəd/	Versuchsperiode	The system will operate for a six-month trial period.
unacceptable (adj) (opposite = acceptable)	/Anək'septəbəl/	inakzeptabel, unzumutbar (Gegenteil = akzeptabel)	Many viewers find the amount of violence on TV unacceptable.
unforeseen (adj)	/ʌnfəˈsiːn/	unvorhergesehen, unerwartet	The show was cancelled due to <b>unforeseen</b> circumstances.
unwelcome (adj) (opposite = welcome)	/ʌn'welkəm/	unwillkommen, uner- wünscht (Gegenteil = willkommen, erwünscht)	We now faced the <b>unwelcome</b> prospect of a three-hour journey home.
up (adv) what's up?	/Ap/ /wots 'Ap/	auf, oben was ist los?	You're awfully quiet today – what's up?
wipe (v)	/waɪp/	wischen, (hier:) löschen	Did you wipe that <b>tape</b> ?
word (n) put in a (good) word for sb	/w3:d/ /put m ə gud 'w3:d fə ˌsʌmbədi/	Wort für jdn. ein gutes Wort einlegen	He promised to <b>put in a good word for me</b> with the boss.
zip drive (n)	/'zɪp draɪv/	Zip-Laufwerk, Daten- träger	I've got a copy of the client database on my <b>zip drive.</b>